FERENC GRÓF (1972, Pécs, HU) is a graduate of the Hungarian University of the Arts, Budapest, and since 2012 he has taught at the École Nationale Supérieur d'Art (ENSA) in Bourges (FR). His work considers ideological footprints, at the intersection of graphic design and spatial experiences. He is a founding member of the Parisian co-operative **Société Réaliste**—founded in 2004—whose work considers questions of contemporary political representations, ideological design, and text-based interventions. Société Réaliste's recent solo exhibitions include: *amal al-gam*, acb Gallery, Budapest, 2014; *Universal Anthem*, tranzit.ro, Cluj, 2013; *A Rough Guide to Hell*, P!, New York, 2013; *Thelema of Nations*, Galerie Jérôme Poggi, Paris, 2013; and *Empire*, *State*, *Building*, MNAC, Bucharest, 2012, Ludwig Museum, Budapest, 2012, and Jeu de Paume, Paris, 2011. Société Réaliste's work has also been included in numerous group exhibitions and biennials in Shanghai, 2012; Lyon, 2009; and Istanbul, 2009. Since 2015 Société Réaliste is on hiatus, Ferenc Gróf continues his work as an individual artist. His most recent solo exhibitions were *Without index* (Kiscelli Museum, Budapest, 2016), *X with a dot below* (acb Gallery / OFF Biennale, Budapest, 2017) and *or firing of a red star alert* (acb Gallery, 2018). Gróf lives and works in Paris.

EDUCATION

- > Hungarian University of Fine Arts, Budapest, 1996–2001.
- > Jan van Eyck Academie, Maastricht, 2008–2009.

RECENT PROJECTS

2018

- > or firing a red star alert, solo exhibiton, acb gallery, Budapest.
- > Border lines. From History to stories, CCC OD,
- > Museum of a museum, activation at IDEA-Z, Paris
- > Persona grata, Mac Val, Palais de la Porte Dorée, Paris (with Société Réaliste)
- > The border is a state of mind, Galerie Jérôme Poggi, Paris (with Société Réaliste).
- > Related by sister languages, Ludwig Museum, Budapest (with Société Réaliste).
- > Studio'18, Hungarian Academy of Arts, Budapest.
- > Design resistance, MODEM, Debrecen.

2017

- > X with a dot below, solo exhibiton, OFF Biennale, acb gallery, Budapest.
- > Vanishing points 2, 2B gallery, Budapest.
- > Attention! Border, Galeria Labirynt, Lublin.
- > Leopold Bloom award, Budapest Galéria, Budapest.
- > Mettici la faccial, Accademia d'Ungharia, Rome (with Société Réaliste).
- > Stopover Ways of Temporary Exchange, frei raum Q21 exhibition space / Vienna
- > L'Horizon des Événements, La Box (Bourges), Glassbox (Paris).
- > For & Against: Art, Politics and the Pamphlet, Radar, Loughborough University Arts.
- > Universal Hospitality 2, Futura / Meetfactory, Prague.

2016

- > Container Artist Residency, ParaSite, Hong Kong.
- > House of commons, Portikus, Frankfurt.

- > Without index, solo exhibition, Kiscelli Museum, Budapest.
- > The line (Járat), Herman Museum, Miskolc, HU.
- > Cold wall #2, Museum of contemporary Art, Novi Sad (RS).
- > Worldless, solo exhibition, Nick Gallery, Pécs.
- > Statues of Rebels, acb Gallery, Budapest.
- > Labour day assembly Conditions for new antifascism, SIZ gallery, Rijeka.
- > Universal Hospitality, Alte Post, Wiener Festwochen, Vienna.
- > News from nowhere, Centre d'art les Capucins, Embrun. FR.
- > InterKontinental, Belmacz, London.

- > OFF Biennale, Budapest.
- > Moves & countermoves, Hessel Museum of Art and CCS Bard Galleries.
- > Tone-on-tone, public artwork in the frame of the 20th century Taygetus project, Debrecen, HU.
- > There is a Crack in the Museum of History. Is That How the Future Gets in? Former West public editorial meeting, 13–14 May 2015, tranzit.hu, Budapest.
- > The Pure Tongue, Galeria Arsenał, Białystok.
- > The world is not enough, Les moulins de Paillard, Poncé sur le Loir, FR.
- > PostContemporary, Chimera-project, Budapest.
- > Subtle Patterns of Capital, Georg Kargl gallery, Vienna.
- > Studio IN, workshop and public presentation, Academy of Fine Arts and Design, Bratislava.
- > Self-managed interest community, collective exhibition, Kulturni Centar, Belgrade.
- > (0), Placcc festival, Budapest.
- > Cold wall, collective exhibition, Stúdió gallery, Budapest.
- > Prototype for a memorial, Klauzál tér, Budapest.
- > In the name of the father, and of the father, and of the father, some formulas about patriots and patrons, patrimony and patriarchy, lecture at Berlinka, Slovak National Gallery, Bratislava.

PROJECTS WITH SOCIÉTÉ RÉALISTE (2004-2014)

SOLO EXHIBITIONS (selection)

2014

- > x~torsions, SIZ gallery, Rijeka.
- > Mottopsy, Tenderpixel, London.
- > 'amal al-ğam', acb Gallery, Budapest.
- > Universal Anthem, Tranzit.ro, Cluj. **2013**
- > The shape of orders to come, Salon de Vortex, Athens.
- > A rough guide to Hell, P!, New York.
- > Thelema of Nations, Galerie Jérôme Poggi, Paris. 2012
- > Empire, State, Building, MNAC, Bucharest.
- > Komfortkampf, Lokal_30, Warsaw.
- > Empire, State, Building, Ludwig Museum, Budapest.
- > Monotopia, Galerie Michel Rein, Paris.

2011

- > Archiscriptons, Anne Mosseri-Marlio Galerie, Zürich.
- > The city amidst the buildings, Akbank Sanat, Istanbul.
- > Empire, State, Building, Jeu de Paume, Paris.
- > Xenolalia, kisterem, Budapest.
- > The Fountainhead and other artworks, Platform3, Munich
- > One-Way World, Skuc Gallery, Ljubljana.
- > Transitioners: London View, uqbar, Berlin.
- > Transitioners: London View, Hold & Freight, London.
- > Pligatures, Galerie Martine Aboucaya, Paris.
- > Over the counter, Buy-Sellf Art Club, Marseille.
- > Transitioners: Le Producteur, your-space / Van Abbemuseum, Eindhoven.
- > MA: Culture States, Labor Gallery, Budapest. 2007
- > Transitioners: Le Producteur, Synagogue de Delme.
- > Transitioners, Galerie Martine Aboucaya, Paris.
- > Transitioners, Ze Dos Bois, Lisbon.
- > Transitioners, Kunstpavillon, Innsbruck.
- > MA: Deuxième contact, galerie Journiac, Paris. 2006
- > Transitioners, Trafó Gallery, Budapest. **2005**
- > IGM #3: Appendix, Espace En Cours, Paris.
- > IGM #2: Distal, Usine des Taillandiers, Paris.
- > IGM #1: MDCCLXX IX, Karton Gallery, Budapest.

PUBLIC SPACE PROJECTS

- > UN Camouflage, Gare de Bourget, Le Bourget, 2015.
- > Waiting for the mo(nu)ment, Jardin du chalet, Paris, 2014. (Nouveaux commanditaires)
- > UN Camouflage, Passerelle Senghor, Paris, 2013.
- > Cosmopolites de tous les pays encore un effort, MGLC/ Aksioma, Ljubljana, 2010.

COLLECTIVE EXHIBITIONS (selection)

2014

- > Private Nationalism, Kunsthalle, Kosice.
- > And I laid traps for troubadours who get killed before they reached Bombay, Clark House Initiative, Bombay.
- > Helsinki Photography Biennial, Finnish Museum of Photography, Helsinki.
- > Get up, Mains d'Oeuvres, St-Ouen.
- > Too much money..., MuseumsQuartier, Vienna.
- > Report on the Construction of a Spaceship Module, New Museum, New York.
- > Get up, KCB, Belgrade.

- > Rendez-vous, galerie Jérôme Poggi, Paris.
- > Hyphology, Sanatorium, Istanbul.
- > Skills of Economy, Finnish Academy of Fine Arts, Helsinki.
- > Bookmarks, B55 Gallery, Budapest.
- > Get up, Fabrica de Pensule, Cluj.
- > L'art dans les chapelles, Chapelle de La Houssaye, Pontivy.
- > Footnotes to breakup, Motorenhalle / riesa efau, Dresden.
- > The Gift of Betrayal, Delire Gallery, Bruxelles.
- > By Any Means Necessary, acb Gallery, Budapest.
- > Arte: Affari, Lavoro o Perditempo, Furini Gallery, Rome.
- > I have a dream, Contemporary Art Center of Thessaloniki.
- > Outer Space, actions in front of Mûcsarnok, Budapest.
- > How high is the Moon?, galerie Jérôme Poggi, Paris.
- > The Beginning, continued, Roonroom, Aachen. 2012
- > The Beginning, Wild West Active Space, Maastricht.
- > Time(less) Signs, Vienna Künstlerhaus.
- > The Organism, Open Systems, Vienna.
- > One sixth of the Earth, ZKM, Karlsruhe.
- > Where do we migrate to?, CACNO, New Orleans.
- > The Collective Eye, SUBTE, Montevideo.
- > Kritik und Krise, Situation Room / CHB, Berlin.
- > Drifting Identities, Muzeul Zemstvei, Chisinau.
- > Reactivation, 9th Shanghai Biennale, Shanghai.
- > United Nations Camouflage, public art project for "Loving Art, Making Art", at Einav, Tel Aviv.
- > The eye never sees itself, 2nd Ural Industrial Biennial, Ekaterinburg.
- > The Vertigo of Freedom, Situation Room / CHB, Berlin.
- > I have a dream, Wroclaw Contemporary Museum, Wroclaw.
- > Chrématistique, Centre d'art 360m³, Lyon.
- > Paper Jam #2, Cabaret Voltaire, Zurich, marke.6, Weimar, Treize & Ygrec, Paris, and Messy Shop, Bandkok
- > Half a dozen of the other, Magma, Sfântu Gheorghe.
- > The Golden Cage, KunstBüroBerlin, Berlin.

- > Patterns of Time, acb Gallery, Budapest.
- > La chispa que incendia la llanura, CAC, Quito.
- > Creative experiences, ICA-D, Dunaújváros, HU.
- > Atlas Critique, Parc Saint Léger, Pougues les Eaux, FR.
- > Enacting Populism, Kadist Art Foundation, Paris.
- > One sixth of the Earth. Ecologies of Image, MUSAC, León.
- > Art in the Parking Space, PST, Los Angeles.
- > Where do we migrate to?, Sheila C. Johnson Design Center, New School, New York.
- > State of affairs, AMT Project, Bratislava. 2011

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- > Ai Weiwei is in China, Fichtebunker, Berlin.
- > Drifting Identity Station, Open Space, Vienna.
- > Architecture Film Festival, Rotterdam.
- > User Friendly Society, Galženica Gallery, Velika Gorica.
- > Lost Stories, BWA Sokol, Nowy Sacz, PL.
- > Hybridity in the Carpathians, MODEM, Debrecen, HU.
- > Alter///scrinium. 10 Theses Of The Architecture, Vladivostok International Film Festival, Vladivostok.
- > Trickster, European Culture Congress, Wroclaw.
- > My Communism, TOP Contemporary Art Center, Shanghai.
- > Speaks for itself, Hungarian National Gallery, Budapest.
- > Parallel Chronologies. Invisible History of Exhibitions, Latvian Centre for Contemporary Art - LCCA, Riga.
- > Where do we migrate to?, Center for Art, Design and Visual Culture, University of Maryland, Baltimore.
- > For love not money, 15th Tallinn Print Triennial, Kumu, Tallinn.

2010

- > Hyper Real, MUMOK, Vienna.
- > Flagpole, Platforme, Paris.
- > Transient Spaces The Tourist Syndrom, NGBK, Berlin.
- > Pre-specifics: Access X!, Onomatopee & Röda Sten Kulturförening, Göteborg/Eindhoven.
- > Cooperation, not corporations, ITS, Belgrade.
- > Hostipitality: Receiving Strangers, Muzeum Sztuki,
- > Chisinau-Art, Research in the Public Sphere, Chisinau.
- > Politique Zéro, Espace Niemayer, Paris.
- > Wealth of Nations, Spike Island, Bristol.
- > Practicing Memory, Fondazione Pistoletto, Biella.
- > Over the counter, Mûcsarnok, Budapest.
- > Reasonable Force, Room Gallery, Auckland Aotearoa.
- > Ce qui vient, 2nd Rennes Biennial, Rennes.
- > Geography of Trans-territories, Walter&McBean Galleries of San Francisco Art Institute, San Francisco.
- > Hypotheses Verification, Laboratoria, Moscow.

> ID: Ideology of Design, Museum of Contemporary Art of Voivodina, Novi Sad.

- of Vojvodina, Novi Sad.

 > Typopass Critical design and conceptual typography,
- Dorottya Galéria, Budapest.

 > The spectacle of the everyday, 10th Lyon Biennial, Lyon.
- > What Keeps Mankind Alive?, 11th Istanbul Biennial, Istanbul.
- > 28th Biennial of Graphic Arts, Gallery Jakopic, Ljubljana.
- > Splav Meduze, Likovni salon, Celje, Slovenia.
- > Rites de Passage, Schunck Glaspaleis, Heerlen, NL.
- > Bertha von Suttner Revisited, Schüttkasten, Harmannsdorf.
- > How many angels can dance on the head of a pin?,

- 2nd Athens Biennial, Athens.
- > Wouldn't be easier for the government to dissolve the people and elect another, Gallery Nova, Zagreb.
- > The man behind the curtain, Mission 17, San Francisco.
- > Katowice Biennial, Silesian Centre of Culture, Katowice.
- > The Inescapable Experience of Transition, Le Magasin, Grenoble.
- > Living Together, Marco, Vigo.
- > Les frontières invisibles, Tri Postal, Lille.
- > Living Together, Montehermoso, Vitoria-Gasteiz. 2008
- > Try again, fail again, fail better, Kunsthalle, Budapest.
- > Pancevo Republic!, 13th Biennale of Pancevo, Serbia.
- > The Aesthetic Center, 6th Gyumri International Biennial of Contemporary Art, Gyumri, Armenia.
- > Positive Critical Imagination, Edinburgh Sculpture Workshop, Edinburgh.
- > The Mechanics of the Canvas, Ernst Museum, Budapest.
- > Pro Eto, National Centre for Contemporary Arts, Moscow.
- > Be A Happy Worker: Work-to-Rule!, g-mk, Zagreb.
- > Na mi van?, Kunsthalle, Budapest.
- > L'Argent, Le Plateau, Paris.
- > World-ex-position, Open Space, Vienna.
- > MOBY Hosting, Museums of Bat-Yam, Israel.
- > Utopia Transfer, Kiscelli Muzeum, Budapest.
- > Economie 0, La Ménagerie de Verre, Paris.
- > Transmediale 08: Conspire, HKW, Berlin.
- > Living Magazine, Kunstverein in Hamburg, Hamburg.
- > The Other City, Hungarian Cultural Center, New York.
- > AtL(e)As(T.) CoMpleX, Studio Gallery, Budapest.
- > Un_Space / Paraflows, MAK, Vienna.
- > Democracy? DIY!, Mains d'Oeuvres, St-Ouen.
- > The Embassy / Apocalypse Now, , Paris.
- > Between white & black, MKTTK, 2nd Moscow Biennale.
- > The Other City, Trafó Gallery, Budapest.
- > Article Biennale, Sølvberget Kulturhus, Stavanger.
- > Intrusion / Apocalypse Now, , Paris.
- > Transitory Operations, UMA, Ulaan Baatar, Mongolia.
- > How to do things? In the middle of (no)where..., Kunstraum Kreuzberg/Bethanien, Berlin; Nikolaj, Copenhagen; CIAC, Bucharest; CCA, Kiev; Trafó Gallery, Budapest.
- > Version 06 : Parallel Cities, Iron Studios, Chicago.

COLLABORATIVE PROJECTS

- > Whose water is it?, in collaboration with Ulay, public art project, Maribor, 2012.
- > Artist Pension Trust, The Institute of Social Hypocrisy, Paris, 2011.
- > Manifesta 6.1: M6 D3 Abschlussball, WestGermany, Berlin, 2007.

PUBLICATIONS

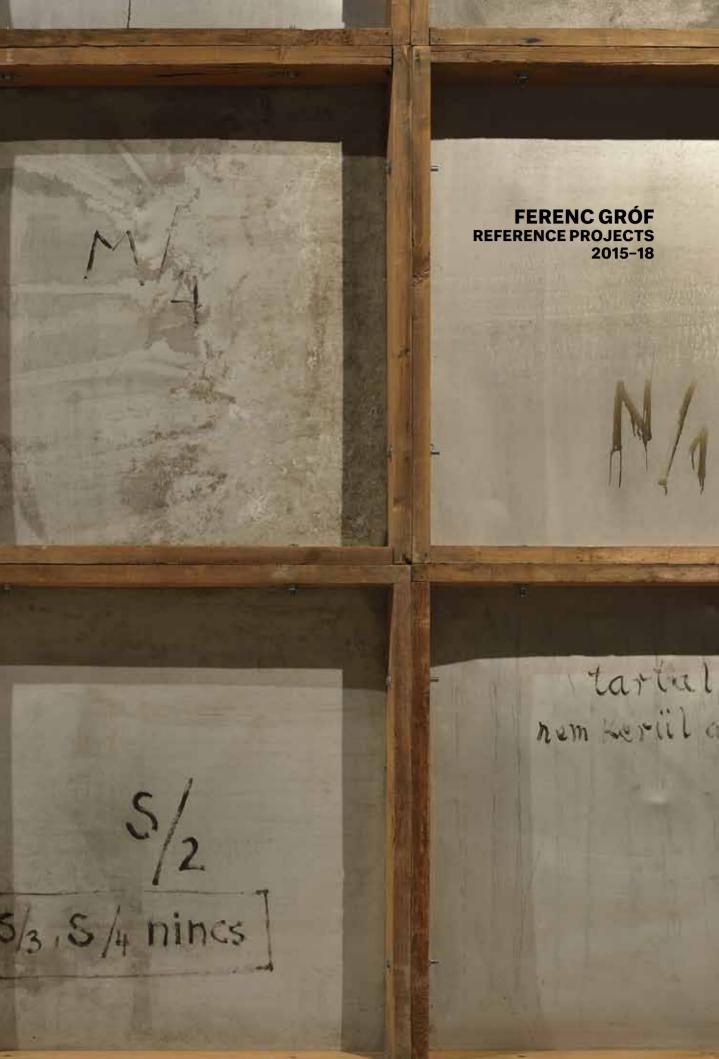
- > Without index / Mr B.A. in X, Kiscelli Museum, Budapest, 2016.
- Société Réaliste: The Best American Book of the 20th century, Onomatopee, Eindhoven, 2014.
- > Société Réaliste: Empire, State, Building, Editions Amsterdam / Jeu de Paume / Ludwig Múzeum, Paris -Budapest, 2011.
- > New Alphabetical Order, in Art Papers n°37/01, Atlanta, 2013.
- > Life, Domain, Kingdom, in Zootopia, London, 2012.
- > State of Shades, in IDEA #41, Cluj, 2012.
- > The city amidst the buildings, Akbank Sanat, Istanbul, 2011.
- > Commonscript, in Revue des livres, n°4, Paris, 2012.
- > Commonscript, in Scapegoat, n°02, Toronto, 2011.
- > Experanto, in TINA 7: Argent, Paris, 2011.
- > Biblio, in Manual de Practica Artistica, Protokoll, Cluj, 2010.
- > Currencies, in Volume One, Miami, 2010.
- > Random Curating, in No Order, n°01, Archive Books, 2011.
- > EUGCL: Spécimens aléatoires, in Art 21 n°24, 2009.
- > Introductory Dialogue..., SFAI MFA catalogue, San Francisco, 2009.
- > Pligatures, Multitudes n°35, Paris, 2009.
- > EUGCL, in Printed Project n° 10, Dublin, 2008.
- > Gandhi Bürger, in Journal of Visual Culture, vol. 7 n° 1, London, 2008.
- > MA: Culture States, in Rajzlap, n° 8, Budapest, 2008.
- > Exclave (with Metahaven), in HTV, n° 72, Amsterdam, 2008
- > Manifesta 6.1: Abschlussball, in Idea, n° 27, Cluj, 2007.
- > MA: Soliton, in Multitudes Icônes, Paris, 2007.
- > MA: Deuxième contact, in Biennale de Paris, Paris, 2007.
- > IGM: Versade, in Exindex, Budapest, 2006.
- > The Great Karaoke Swindle, in How to do things?, Revolver Publishing, Frankfurt/Main, 2006.
- > Conspire / Dear, in Action!, Sparwasser / Trafó, Budapest, 2006.

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- > FÜLÖP Luca, Société Réaliste, in Elsewhere Magazine, Shanghai, 2014.
- > DE LA BAUME Maia, Paris fair celebrates its fourty, in The International New York Times, Paris - New York, 24.10.2013.
- > GODFREY LARMON Annie, *Critics' Picks*, in artforum.com, New York, 10.2013.
- > BURLEIGH Paula, A rough guide to Hell by Société Réaliste, in The Brooklyn Rail, New York, 10.2013.
- > PLAGENS Peter, Lyrical Forms, Social Commentary and Handiwork, in The Wall Street Journal, 11.10.2013.
- MARKUS David, Rainbows to No Place: Société Réaliste and the Ayn Rand Apocalypse, in Hyperallergic, New York, 10.2013.
- > ROSZKOWSKA Magda, Praktyki Krytyczne, in Notes, Warsaw, n°83, May 2013.
- > PIGA Angela Maria, On The Fountainhead, in Casa

- Vogue, Rome, April 2013.
- > ROSENMEYER Aoife, Archiscriptons, in Art in America, 02.2012.
- > SOMZE Catherine, Dealing with Politics, History and Social Commitment, interview, in Art Pulse, N° 10, 2012.
- > STEFAN Olga, Archiscriptons, in Flash Art n°140, Milan, 2012.
- > REHBERG Vivian Sky, Société Réaliste, in Frieze, n°141, London, 2011.
- > ALKEMA Hanna, Empire of signs, Idea, No.38, Cluj, 2011.
- > SCHONWALD Cédric, Empire, State, Building, in Art21, n°30, Paris, 2011.
- > KEREKES Anna, Palimpseste, in exindex.hu, May 2011.
- > TREMEAU Tristan, *Empire*, *State*, *Building*, in Art Press, Paris, May 2011.
- > FOWKES Maja & Reuben, *In the Studio*, in Time Out Budapest, 08.2010.
- > RIEDER Gabor, The science of social irrealism, in Artportal, Budapest, 07.2010.
- > HAUFFEN Michael, *Transitioners*, in Springerin 1/10, Vienna, 2010.
- > LUCCHETTI Matteo, *Random curating*, in undo.net, Milan, 2009.
- > SIM ESMEN Yasemin, *Drawing lines...*, in Hürriyet, Istanbul, 2009.
- > VAN TOMME Niels, Siding with the Barbarians, in Foreign Policy in Focus, Washington D.C., 2009.
- LEBOVICI Elisabeth, Un projet de société, in Multitudes n°35, Paris, 2009.
- > IHLER MEYER Sarah, Pligatures, in parisART, Paris, 2009.
- > STEPANOVIC Tijana, *Culturated States*, in Mûértô, 11 / 5, Budapest, 2008.
- > CSERBA Júlia, Triangular paranoia, in Balkon, 2008 / 3, Budapest, 2008.
- > TREMEAU Tristan, Nouveaux Entrants, in Art21, n° 15, 2007.
- > BRUNEL Raphaël, Bastille Days Collection, in parisART, Paris. 2007.
- > SOMOGYI Hajnalka, Chirurgie de l'illusion, in Art21, n° 12, 2007.
- > WEITZEL Antje, Some points about the Ponzi's project, in How to do things?, Revolver Publishing, Frankfurt/Main, 2006.







MUSÉE D'UN MUSÉE / MUSEUM OF A MUSEUM

Aide individuelle à la création 2018

Ayant émergé sur la scène internationale en tant que co-fondateur de Société Réaliste, une coopérative artistique principalement active entre 2004 et 2014, Ferenc Gróf mène un travail d'appropriation et de détournement des systèmes de représentation liés au pouvoir. Cartographies, typographies, films et photographies font partie des « outils » de communication dont il déconstruit les implications idéologiques et politiques. Par des opérations de déplacements et de rapprochements symboliques, ses oeuvres donnent à voir des évolutions et des tendances historiques, affirmant un regard critique sans pour autant basculer dans la dénonciation frontale. Soit une enquête au long cours sur les empreintes idéologiques, politiques et historiques, à l'intersection du design, du graphisme et de l'architecture que Ferenc Gróf poursuit avec son projet de recherche soutenu par la Drac. Celle-ci s'articule autour de deux axes. D'une part, l'ancien Musée du Mouvement ouvrier hongrois (1975-1989), ayant ouvert ses portes dans le château royal de Budapest en 1975, avant de voir ses portes fermées et ses collections dispersées

suite aux changements politiques de 1989. D'autre part, Agitateurs, un film de 1969 commandé pour le 50e anniversaire de la République des conseils, inspiré par le roman polémique d'Ervin Sinkó sur la révolution hongroise de 1919 (Les Optimistes, 1928), et censuré pour sa critique indirecte de la politique soviétique des années 1960. D'un côté, il s'agit pour l'artiste d'étudier les dispositifs de communication et de monstration qui étaient ceux du Musée du Mouvement ouvrier ; de l'autre, de mener une recherche approfondie sur les réalisateurs et acteurs d'Agitateurs, ainsi que sur les documents et oeuvres littéraires qui y figurent. La méthode de travail ici mobilisée relève moins de l'anastylose, consistant à recomposer un monument en ruine à partir de ses fragments, que d'une certaine « katastylose », terme inventé par l'artiste pour désigner l'analyse des procédures de (re)construction de l'Histoire, en l'occurrence celle des quarante dernières années en Hongrie, depuis le Socialisme d'Etat jusqu'au néo-conservatisme contemporain.

Sarah Ihler-Meyer





WITHOUT INDEX / Mr. A. G. in X Kiscelli Museum – Municipal Gallery, Budapest, 28.10–31.12.2016

The exhibition is organised around two art pieces a large panel painting having lurked in a repository for more than 50 years and a novel published more than fifty years ago —, both related to the years following the Hungarian Revolution and Freedom Fight of 1956. The fate of the two artists — Aurél Bernáth, a well-known painter and Tibor Déry, one of the most widely read novelists of the period — had been interlocked with the history of 20th century Hungary. Their lives were similar in many respects: they both came from upper class families; both were attracted by the activist avant-garde of Lajos Kassák; after WWII they earned high positions and as prominent artists soon experienced both the pull and the push of the politics. Their friendship went back to the 1920s and remained untouched by the disputes during the '50s. In August 1956 they were both entertained by a mutual friend, Vilmos Szilasi, in his house in Brissago, Switzerland, however their paths departed within a few months. Their life situations were never more different than in 1958: Déry was spending his sentence for participating in the Revolution, while Bernáth was shielding his students at the College of Fine Arts at the same time planning to reproduce works on art theory by western writers. Déry was writing his dystopic novel G. A. úr X-ben ('Mr. A. G. in X') — originally meant to be entitled 'A Clock without Hands' — in the prison hospital in a booklet on his lap, having no hope whatever to get his work published in Hungary. At the same time Bernáth was working on a huge and representative view

of Budapest to decorate the wall of the Hungarian pavilion at the Brussels World's Fair. While one of them was depicting claustrophobia, the other was painting a panel picture to show the Kádár era Hungary to the free world. The first piece of art displays dust, ruins and unbearable time, the other work was planned by its artist to reflect the blue skies of Brussels for several seasons. Déry's novel was published in 1964 while Bernáth's painting was confined to a repository; however the friendship of the two artists remained unbroken. The visitor book of Aurél Bernáth's exhibition in 1972 contains some appreciative lines by János Kádár under which Tibor Déry entered his signature.

The year 1958 — when looked back from our time — came to designate primarily a tragic moment of Hungarian history, the execution of Imre Nagy and his fellow martyrs. However it was also the time when Hungary first opened to the West after the Revolution. The participation at international events abroad was an attempt to legitimate the Kádár system. Besides national traditions the Brussels World's Fair — prominently presented in the Hungarian press as well — accentuated modernity and contemporary design not only in the pavilion design but in the selection of artworks as well. As in 1937 in Paris, an important aspect of the Hungarian presentation in Brussels was to show Budapest under restoration and rebuilding. Aurél Bernáth created a huge panel painting for the Brussels World's Fair pavilion painted on aluminium



sheets fixed on a wooden structure: a panorama of Budapest from the Gellért Hill. Tradition meets modernity in his picture: aluminium was considered at that time the material of 'the Hungarian future' while the skyline was the old one; the castle bastions, the reconstructed bridges and the factory buildings in the distance are represented side by side, looking equally important. The starting point and benchmark of Tibor Déry's novel written at the same time is also Budapest, while the imaginary city of X resembles Moscow of the 1920s the best.

The parallels and contrasts within these two works are now highlighted by a contemporary artist in the Church space of Museum Kiscell. Ferenc Gróf as a member of the Société Réaliste group has created a peculiar toolkit from linguistic and typographic elements, statistics and cartographic signs to examine social processes and to exhibit correlations between past and present. He preserved this approach and vision even after the dissolution of the artist group, however his focus turned towards earlier artworks and the intersection of the history of Hungarian fine arts and Hungarian literature. Re-interpreting earlier artworks has always been used as an artistic vehicle but the mid-20th century saw the notion of détournement ('rerouting, hijacking') emerge, while at the end of the century artistic strategies of 'appropriation' and 'intervention' brought novelty in this respect. Ferenc Gróf picks one element from a museum collection

and another from literary history and re-interprets them through his individual approach and toolkit. Bernáth's panel painting will be presented to the public for the first time after the 1958 World's Fair. The text and images of Déry's novel — though it was republished just a few years ago — were not much quoted during the past decades. Gróf puts the layers of meaning of both works onto one another to invite the public to recognise and reread the past. A subjective selection from the text of the novel 'Mr. A. G in X' appears in the exhibition space while the panels of Aurél Bernáth's painting are rearranged according to an algorithm that overwrites the artwork's original logic. The panel painting originally decorating the outside of a pavilion now will be presented indoors, while the book — closed, practically un-presentable in an exhibition — will be opened up through a selection of passages. Historic documents, newsreel excerpts, audio recordings give shades to the picture of the period and the context of the two artworks. Ference Gróf builds his analysis upon the idea that there is no such thing as a unique and obligate image of the past, or a singular narrative of history; past exists through after-constructions. Bernáth's painting will be reconstructed for the last two weeks of the exhibition; its panels will be rearranged according to the original logic.

József Mélyi



and birth come freedom good his in let me order play son teach thoughtful times with words your ¹

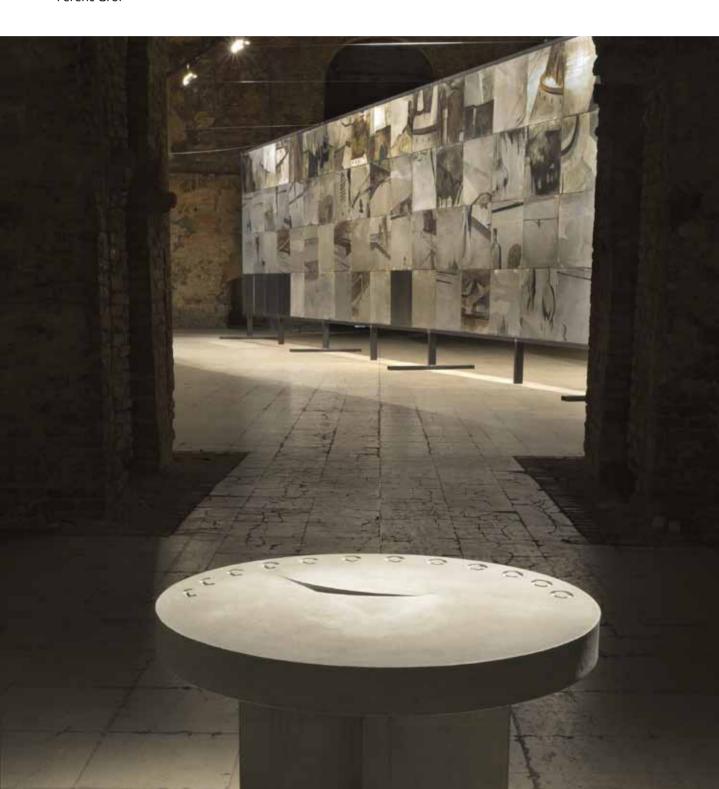
The comedy of opportunism: neither light, nor darkness. (Applause.) 2 The logic of vague sets serves as a basis for such blurry, fuzzy, hazy systems that use not only yes and no values but also 'reality values' such as 'more or less', 'a little', 'to some degree', 'enough', 'greatly'. (Interruption: Not enough... Exclamations: Fully!) I would like to say, my dear comrades, that interruptions do not disturb me. (Long, vigorous applause.) Pitch-dark, dimmish, graying, looming, glittering, coruscant, radiant. (Interruption: Glaring!) Well, yes. The so called 'sorites paradox' is one of the most suggestive examples of a blurred system based on loose definitions: if I take away one grain of sand from a heap of sand, it is still a heap of sand. If I go on with it and take one grain after the other, when do I get to the point from which it is no longer relevant to call my handsome heap of sand a heap? If 1,000,000 grains are considered a heap of sand, then 999,999 grains can also be considered as such, as well as 999,998 grains. If... and now I continue my patient countdown... then 1 grain of sand is also a heap of sand. Obviously 'one million' is an arbitrarily selected number here and I have not mentioned the size of the grains either. We can imagine such tiny grains of which not even one billion bits could make up a heap, and on the other hand such a huge grain of sand that would itself amount to several heaps. More or less. (*Interruption:* More precisely! *Hisses.*) Tibor Déry's novel describes the to and fro travels, the indefinite vibrating motions of A. G. within a

blurred set i.e. the city of X. If we consider 100,000 houses a city then 99,999 houses can also be considered as such. If 99,999 houses constitute a city then 99,998 houses constitute a city as well. If... then one house constitutes a city. X houses, a stock of houses, not a city. A pile of houses. (Interruption: Heap-house...) Every edge wears off; every apex is rounded off; this city is a river-gravel shaped to fit a hand. Its inhabitants get chiselled to it, rolling along like a ball. (Interruption: After me, comes the state. Laughter.) But what will they do if they hit a wall? There are no more ardent enthusiasts than me of the idea that we should finish such works only whose benefit, reason and grace we see clearly to the last stitch or last hit of the hoe, so to say, and we should give up the whole thing even at the last but one step without any remorse should we lose our faith in it. (Interruption: Compulsory sabbatical year to everybody!) As if work could be a question of faith. I believe in work... (*Tramping, tu-whitting.* Sing!) It is right to complete something that we believe we need but then we destroy it because we consider it to be unnecessary... But why do we make it if we know beforehand that it is unnecessary? I found that we miss not only the tenderly pondering, prudent hesitation that is indispensable for making one's way in life, but I am afraid we do not even have the power to renounce our convincement. (Interruption: Names! Laughter.) Since in my opinion, naturally with the necessary reservations, human life expresses itself not in terms of achievements but rather through processes, I believe that everything that starts in our life also comes to an end with or without reaching its planned form. (Increasing noise. Is mankind doomed to rise above

itself upon the graveyard of its dead? *Interruptions:* Upon the graveyard of its imaginary dead! *Applause.*) Darkness is an unknown extension of space. (*Loud applause.* Depth of light!) Habituation is an unknown extension of time. I apologise to give, for the sake of clarity, my ideas a more definite form than my convincement. It is possible that the opposite is true of everything. (*Interruption:* True!) That everything I said is just an algorithmic pathos formula. (*Noise. Interruptions:* Put yourself into alphabetic order. Reconcile appearance with reality!) You cannot detect reality. The only reliable way to recognise it is to turn your back on it.

Ferenc Gróf

- ¹ You bear me order (after a poem by Attila József, based on the translation by György Gömöri and Matthew Zion), 2016.
- ² Excerpts, quotations and transliterations from the novel 'Mr. A. G. in X' by Tibor Déry and from the records of his speech at the meeting of the Petőfi Circle on 27 June,







Az altiaktor ment. Megsem az első emeleten kapett szolát, 20 vagy 30 emelet magasságból tekéntett is az ésszeségeneket element element is az ésszeségeneket element el

- Hogy erd azt, kestlem tisztelettel, hogy a város köz-pentja? Földrápit központja, vagy szellem közpentja, vagy történelm központja. A váronsak egyébbén, ha tem tiszdek, mics személyin központja, gy földrápi központja kincsen. Bár a hasonlasik edyebbén, ba ember télőképraségét, azt mondanám, iztólapsa jós-házpontja kincsen. Bár a hasonlasik ettilabasztják oz ember télőképraségét, azt mondanám, iztólapsa jós-házpása reszényelen, hagy er a váron elyan szalla, mint a gamt. Hol közpolik, hol oszarospaskodik. Az egyik szellen becellá, egy este negyel, mért idadi közbözenéb beldé, nem szoln, mért, a másia szelen meg egy a vároriszt szelhezel, azt sem toden, bogy minek, mert nincs. aki bekültözzö. Dyy árn, de egy hól oraha szervetílmenl mar megint annyl az ember a városban, hogy meg a rombázakat in meglötik. Fóldrápi házpontja? Mire az ember szelténe-hosszában felmérne, adelgra ügy megró vagy isszerszéprodolk, hogy kezülterie megjárt előtról a mérsések tilomenti A ter-és südmérdi szerkezetek, szek arra valák, ha ugyar vannak még lyenek, hogy megsentreszítsék a beret meg az időt.

Az ursán hibertan, bilbájos fennyel ragyogott a nap, ciuzta, felhótten velt az eg, a nap kérül világeshék, partjain lángelő sözét indígó. A hatalannat, széles Tugártuna kévelő endére jat és a nappalé világjála lelepleste öltöretők szegénységét, már már rongyoklas vezelő hopottalágát teglejár kényelemmel ruházkozó nött vagy ferfir ugyazotóvin egyöttalán nem leintestét látni. Kevés velt keleltűk a könyelemmel ruházkozó nát vagy kéntők azinte valamasnophon fistal vegy avakozokól alanonyokhata i ferfakkirál lástaottak. Cak most fügyétt fel rő, hogy az erdőerék it, e Sugárianna v a keskerén melőköttalánai si szak az egyők, az árnyelkoz öldálen járnak, a tilso, napoz oldalon végis, ameddág a szem előktott, szverntest leiket sem lehetett látni.

ine leit har mennil i be akter mengi elisikin, aucht hefongaliki, hiya a casegir a tähka akter. I gjest elekemben arra vägytam, hi silhessek, hät meg värhetok egy kii silhessek, hät meg värhetok egy kii



tervek egy napórához studies for a sundial



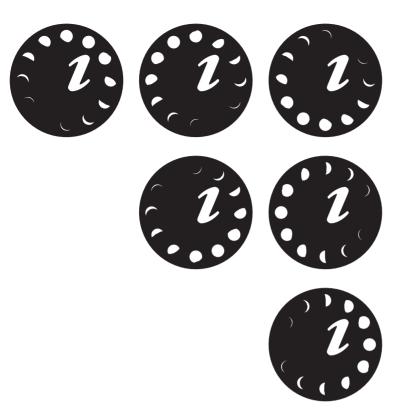
X [x with a dot below] solo exhibition at the acb Gallery, in the frame of the 2nd Off Biennale, 2017.

X, a solo exhibition by Ferenc Gróf explores the connections between the human body and the written form of characters and texts utilizing the works realized in the past year from a series of tipographical experiments. Gróf's working method could most aptly be described as xenography. The original Greek expression xenos can stand for guest and host, as well as for stranger and friend, but the verb gráphō also has multiple meanings: to draw, to write, or to scratch. According to the spiritual tradition xenography is writing in a language unknown to the writer. On the title page of Thomas More's Utopia, first published five hundred years ago, beside a map of an imaginary country a utopian alphabet can also be seen. New world, new people, new writing system: Utopiensium Alphabetum. What does their hierographic origin say about modern fonts? The eponymous character, the x with a dot below is part of the extended latin alphabet used in transliterations and in various languages now extinct, but it can also be interpreted as a pictogram: a symbol of a falling person. The mise-en-scène of early modern anatomical theatre underlie the display of works. As accents and punctuation in a text of a utopia that has to be reconsidered, the typefaces lie ready for dissection.

LOI

print, Dibond, 120 x 150 cm, 2017





HOMUNCULUS photogravure plate, 15 x 21 cm, 2017

CURSIVE I 6 enamel plates, 50 x 50 cm each, 2016

ONE YEAR METER engraved Dibond, 100 x 7 cm, 2017







FACELESS CHARACTER

found wooden sculpture, acrylic, 5 x 3 x 14 cm, 2017



GLOBAL MUSCLES

print, Dibond, 55 x 70 cm, 2017

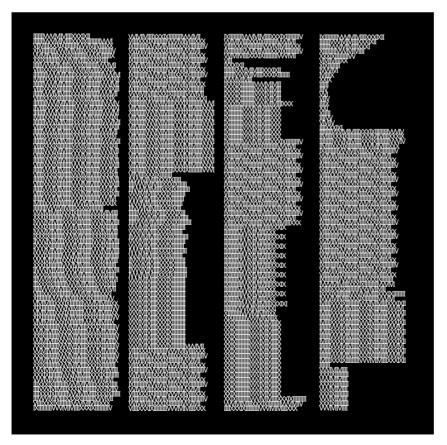
WHOEVER WON, WE LOST (X ALPHABET)

wallpainting, 550 x 340 cm, 2017





HEMISPHERE sandstone, acrylic, 30 x 20 x 30 cm, 2017



PERPETUAL CALENDAR print, Dibond, 120 x 120 cm, 2017

INVISIBLE FOOT MDF, acrylic, 100 x 113 x 6 cm, 2017





REVOLUTION IS THE ONLY FORM OF WAR WHERE



A STORYBOARD: ŠVEJK IN THE THIRD WORLD WAR

42 black & white digital prints on paper, 84 x 59 cm each, 2015.

Typeface: Jean-Luc by Atelier Carvalho Bernau.

Installation view, *The world is not enough*, collective exhibition curated by Simon Poulain, Les moulins de Paillard, Poncé sur le Loir, FR

Ferenc Gróf's ongoing graphic series examines the dynamics and the iconography of a new-old patrimonialism. This system supplemented with ethnic patriotism was always the best opiate for the masses around Central and Eastern Europe, under the camouflage of international workers' solidarity or today, under the boots of oligarchic capitalism. Using patterns and stereotypes of pater/patria/patriarchy, the main and only character of the graphics is Švejk, whose gorged face decorates hundreds of pubs and restaurants all around the former Austro-Hungarian Empire. As an echo to the general kitchification tendencies and as a probably unconscious critique of nationalism, one can find bronze statues dedicated to this literary figure on public squares from Saint-Petersburg to Prague. "The Good Soldier" of Jaroslav Hašek is a folkloric and commercial icon, his anecdotes and brave idiocy made him almost a timeless anti/super/ hero. The popularity of his figure was helped by the prolific illustrator, Josef Lada, who created several hundred caricatures for the book. Following the sudden death of Hašek, his friend and colleague Karel Vaněk continued the First World War adventures of Šveik, guiding him through Russian captivity and the revolution of 1917. Several sequels were created already from

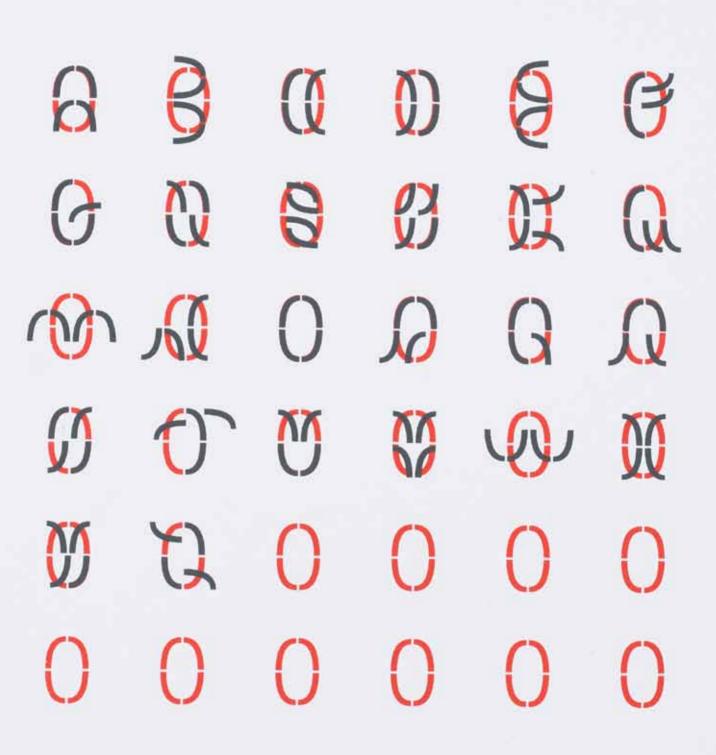
the 1920s, including the 1943 drama of Bertolt Brecht, written in exile in California, "Schweik in the Second World War". The textual part of the series evokes the spectres of '68, using pastiches and citations mainly from two films of the epoch: the longtime censored "Agitators" by Dezső Magyar, which reenacts the events and debates of the 1919 Hungarian council republic, and "La chinoise" by Jean-Luc Godard.

A STORYBOARD: ŠVEJK IN THE THIRD WORLD WAR

42 black & white digital prints on paper, wallpaper version, 2017.

Installation view, Stopover - Ways of Temporary Exchange, frei raum Q21 exhibition space, Vienna.







THE REAL CHARACTER / ZERO ALPHABET

stencil painting, 3 m x 12 m, 2015 Installation view, *Pure Tongue*, collective exhibition curated by Agata Chinowska, Gallery Arsenal, Bialystok, PL.

The real character / Zero alphabet borrows its title from John Wilkins' 1668 book, entitled *An Essay towards a Real Character, and a Philosophical Language* which was one of the early proposals for a universal language. Following the logic of Josef Albers' *Kombinationsschrift*, a typeface composed by almost interchangeable geometrical forms, a zero (0) was cut into four parts and each letter of the basic 26-letter Latin alphabet was composed using solely these four "zero fragments".



unsilence

painted wood and aluminium, 160 x 200 x 30 cm, 2015 Installation view, Vanishing points project, Budapest, photo: Zsuzsanna Simon



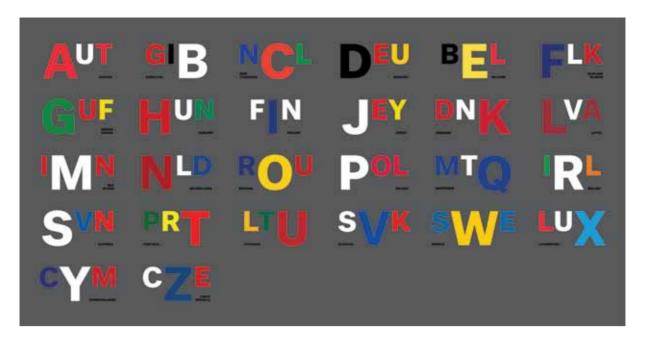
Klauzál square was the biggest space inside the Budapest Ghetto. When the ghetto was hermetically sealed between December, 1944 and January, 1945 the square was used as a temporary cemetery. The approx. 3000 bodies were later moved to the garden of Dohány Street Synagogue and to the cemeteries on Salgótarjáni street and Kozma street.

As a memorial for Klauzál square Ferenc Gróf designed a horizontal acoustic mirror laid on the ground. Acoustic mirrors are the precursors of the radar: these passive devices are capable of intensifying and concentrating soundwaves. The large, vertically installed objects were used to predict incoming enemy aircrafts. Visitors of the memorial can lay down inside the hollow surface of the horizontal acoustic mirror, listening the sounds of the city reflected by the sky. The visitor is positioned right in the focus of the acoustic mirror, making the noise of the nearby playground and the traffic seem distant. The eyes are directed towards the sky.



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GUF HUN FIN JEY DNK LV
IMN NL OU POL MTO IRL
SYM CZE

FINITE OF A TRANSPORT OF THE SET OF THE SET



FLAG ALPHABET (EU)

digital print on textile, 150 x 75 cm, 2015

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BET

INHALE, EXCLAVE (FROM THE FLAG ALPHABET SERIES)

digital print on textile, 80 x 60 cm, 2015



AND THE PURSUIT OF (FROM THE FLAG ALPHABET SERIES)

digital print on textile, 80 x 60 cm, 2015



BLACK RED GOLD (FROM THE FLAG ALPHABET SERIES)

digital print on textile, 80 x 60 cm, 2015

The **Flag alphabet** is a writing system based on the three-letter codes of EU member states and their dependencies as published by the International Organization for Standardization. One of the letters of the countries is bigger, while the two others in the three-letter codes are in superscript. For example, the letter A is based on the code of Austria, AUT, where the capital A is highlighted and the U and the T are in superscript. The corresponding national colors were used for each selected ISO code. The Flag alphabet writing system in itself emphasizes the supremacy of the Latin alphabet, because the so-called, very ideological, "neo-Kultturkampf" concept of the "clash of the civilizations" can be deconstructed by following the rupture of scripts: Latin vs Cyrillic, vs Arabic, vs Any Other Barbarian Scribble. The series based on the Flag alphabet presented below reflects more closely the migrants' routes towards Western Europe and the Syrian crisis, constructed as a fragmentary, saccadic textual pattern made out of "naional characters", such as a Schengen script, written in Frontex language.

THE END OF THE WEST (FROM THE FLAG ALPHABET SERIES)

digital print on textile, 80 x 60 cm, 2015

PRTHUNBEL BEL NID DE ROUFLK PRTHUNBEL SWEBELSVNPRT AUT NLD DEU PRT HUNBEL RLBELSVNPRT ROUFLK PRTHUNBEL

BELNLD DEU
ROUFLK



A MODEST PROPOSAL / CURRENCY ALPHABET

A5 brochure, 500 copies, produced by Radar, Loughborough University Arts, UK, 2016.

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CURRENCY ALPHABET POSTERS

A2 poster series, produced by Radar, Loughborough University Arts, UK, 2016.

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GBP CAMOUFLAGE offset on paper, 2016.

USD CAMOUFLAGE offset on paper, 2015-2016.





Уважаемый господин Президент,

нет необходимости подробно представлять Вам Землю Франца-Иосифа, ведь, по всей вероятности, Вы еще хорошо помните белого медведя, помеченного Вами слутниковым ошейником, который со времени последнего президентского визита безмятежно блуждает где-то на одном из 192 островов, находящихся вблизи Северного полюса. Эта покрытая льдами территория, открытая экспедицией, снаряженной европейской страной сомнительной памяти, и которой в конце XIX-ого века было присвоенно имя монарха не менее сомнительной памяти, была до своего аннексирования Советским Союзом в 1926-ом году «terra nullius», то есть «никому не принадлежащим» географическим этитетом. В этом письме мне хотелось бы попросить Вас отказаться от Земли Франца-Иосифа от имени правительства Российской Федерации в пользу других 192 стран-членов ООН. Развращающее влияние утонченного национализма может быть обуздано только широким президентским жестом: пусть Земля Франца-Иосифа будет ничейной территорией всех!

Dear Mr. President,

There is no need to introduce Franz Joseph Land to you, since you still undoubtedly remember the polar bear that you fitted with a transponder chip during your last presidential visit and which continues to roam around undisturbed on one of the 192 islands of the arctic archipelago. This ice-covered territory, discovered in an expedition launched by a dubious European state and named after a no less dubious monarch, remained for decades a terra nullius belonging to no sovereign state until the Soviet Union annexed it in 1926. I am now writing to you, Mr. President, to request that you renounce Franz Joseph Land in the name of the government of the Russian Federation in favor of the other 192 member states of the United Nations. Only a magnanimous presidential gesture can counter the corrupting effects of refined nationalism. May Franz Josef Land become everyone's no man's land!

Tisztelt Elnök úr,

Nem kell Önnek részletesen bemutatni a Ferenc József-földet, hiszen minden bizonnyal tisztán él emlékezetében az az Ön által jeladóval megjelölt jegesmedve, mely a legutóbbi elnöki vizit óta háborítat-lanul barangol valahol az Északi-sark közelében található 192 sziget egyikén. Ez a jéggel borított terület, melyet egy kétes emlékű európai állam által indított expedíció fedezett fel és nevezett el a 19. század végén egy nem kevésbé kétes emlékű uralkodóról, évítzedeken át terra nullius, azaz "senkihez sem tartozó" földrajzi entítás volt, mig a Szovjetunió annektálta 1926-ban. E levéllel szeretném felkérni Önt, hogy mondjon le az Oroszországi Föderáció kormányának nevében az orosz fennhatóság alatt álló Ferenc József-földról az ENSZ 192 többi tagállama javára. A szofisztikált nacionalizmus korrupt hatását csak egy nagyvonalú elnöki gesztus fékezheti meg: legyen mindenki senkíföldje a Ferenc József-földt

имя / подпись name / signature név / aláírás	почтовый адрес postal address levelezési cím	эл. почта e-mail



BJAALIMMIP BJAALIMMIPOBUH TIYTUH
TIPESUJEHT POCCUЙСКОЙ ФЕДЕРАЦИИ
VLADIMIR VLADIMIROVICH PUTIN
PRESIDENT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION
VLAGYIMIR VLAGYIMIROVICS PUTYIN
AZ OROSZORSZÁGI FÖDERÁCIÓ ELNÖKE

УЛ. ИЛЬИНКА, Д. 23 / 23, ILYINKA STREET **103132**

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NEWTON SZERET TÉGED NEWTON SZERET TÉGED térben hat szabadságfok jellemzi. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. előre-hátra, jobbra-balra, fel és le NEWTON SZERET TÉGED Billenhet, fordulhat, megpördülhet. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Merev testekként három egymásra merőleges tengely tunk. pöröahetüni NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Távolságunk a Naptól ebben a pillanatban egy egész két ezred csillagászati egység, azaz száznegyvenkilencmillió nvolcszázkilencvenhétezer-hatvanhat kilométer NEWTON SZEDET TÉGEN A budapesti nulla kilométerkövet a római lin uszonhat év és nyolcvannégy méter választja el. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED A római birodalom volt fővárosa nyolcszáztizenegy egész hét tized kilométerre található a keleti limes ezen szakaszától. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Vorkuta, a kontinentális Európa legkeletibb városa, inner háromezer-háromszázhatvanhat kilométerre található NEWTON SZERET TÉGED Vorkuta távolsága a Vénusztól ebben a pillanatban hetvenegymillióháromszázötvennyolcezer-száznyolcvannégy kilométer NEWTON SZERET TÉGED évvel ezelőtt is kétezer-százhuszonegy kilométerre volt Távolságunk a Naptól ebben a pillanatban száznegyvenkilencmillió-nyolcszázkilencvenhétezer-hatvanöt kilométer. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Az emberi test hőmérséklete harminchat és harminchét Celsius-fok között ingado NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A Nap felszínének hőmérséklete ötezer-hétszáznyolcvan Celsius-fok. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

kilométerkó

A nulla egy önnön forrásába torkolló folyam medre. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A Vorkutlag átnevelő munkatábort negyvenkilenc évvel Karl Mary halála után alanították NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Minden út egy nulla kilométerkőhöz vezet. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Távolságunk a Naptól ebben a pillanatban száznegyvenkilencmilliónvolcszázkilency nhétezer-negyvenhét kilométer Minden merev test mozgását egy nulla kilométerkőhöz rendelt. gépírással kitöltött hivatalos okirat szabályozza. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Az ENSZ százkilencvenhárom tagállamát o nemzetközileg el nem ismert országot szá kétszáznégy darab nulla kilométerkő kering a Nap körül. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Kétszáznégy-féle "zero". "nullus". "null". "nula". nolla", "nul", "nulo", "cero", "sifir". NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Távolságunk a Holdtól ebben a pillanatb an a Föld rádiuszának ötvenhét egész egy tized-szerese, azaz hárommillióhatszázharminchétezer-nyolcszáznegyvenegy méter. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A merey test bármely két pontjának távolsága időben állandó. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Tegnap, három éve, négy másodperc múlva ..időszámításunk szerint" után. ,, NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A nulla előre-hátra, jobbra-balra, fel-le, billeg, fordul, pördül. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. Akár a merev testek NEWTON SZERET TÉGED NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A "zéró" megjárta Babilont, Indiát és Perzsiát mielőtt Európába érkezett volna.

NEWTON SZERET TÉGED. A nulla kilométerkövek átlagos távolsága a Föld középpontjától hatezer-háromszázhetvenegy kilométer. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

Kronstadtból Vorkutába nem vezetnek utak.
NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

Távolságunk a Naptól ebben a pillanatban száznegyvenkilencmilliónyolcszázkilencvenhétezer-negyvenkét kilométer. NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

Nulla kilométerkő minden útkereszteződésben.

NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.



Az emberi test maghőmérsékletének nyolc-tíz

Celsius-fokos ingadozása halálhoz vezethet.

kétszázharmincegyezer-hatszázhetvenkét kilométer

NEWTON SZERET TÉGED.

NEWTON SZERET TÉGED

(0) Intervention at the Zero Kilometre Stone of Budapest, 26.09.2015 00:00, Teleport gallery.



EVERYONE'S NO MAN'S LAND

in the frame of the Franz-Joseph-Land project (2002-). Postcards realized for the 1st OFF-biennale of Budapest in 2015.

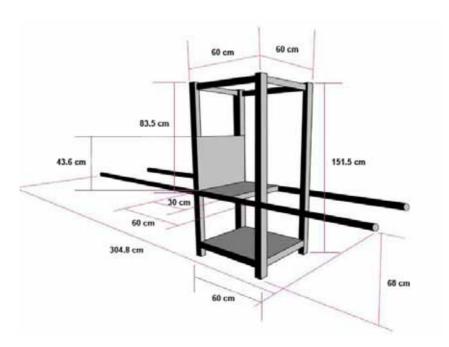


Fürge^[1] szék^[2]

"Könnyebb a világ végét elképzelni, mint a kapitalizmusét." Mark Fisher

Szuzuki Oszamu, a Suzuki Motor Corporation elnöke szinte az összes 1990 óta megválasztott miniszterelnökkel fotóztatta már magát. Állnak egymás mellett, kezet fognak, futószalagról levezetik a járművet. A volánnál mindig a politikus ül, mellette az üzletember. Az egymás mögé állított Suzuki gépkocsik által hordozott szék az elmúlt évtizedek kapitalista (ir)realizmusának efemer emlékműve.

[1] swift, melléknév, proto-germán eredetű szó (swip-), gyorsan mozgó, sebesen haladó. [2] sedan, főnév, a dél-itáliai eredetű sede (szék) kifejezésből, jelentése hordszék, gyaloghintó. **SWIFT SEDAN** installation with two Suzuki sedan cars, Bánkitó Fesztivál, Bánk, 2016.





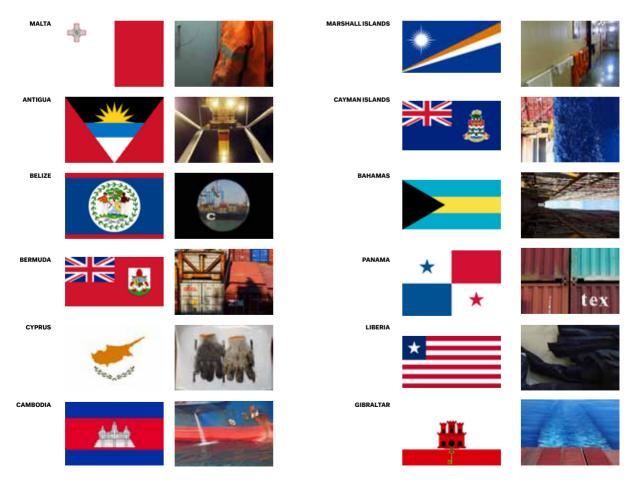
CONTAINER ARTIST RESIDENCY, 2016



FLAGS OF CONVENIENCE

digital prints on satin, 150 x 100 cm each Creative Operational Solutions, Para Site, Hong Kong, 2016.

Photos taken on board of ZIM Shekou, similar to the civil ensigns of certain states with open registries, such as Antigua, Bahamas, Belize, Bermuda, Cambodia, Cayman Islands, Cyprus, Gibraltar, Liberia, Malta, Marshall Islands, Panama (incomplete enumeration based on the list of the International Transport Workers' Federation). Since the 1920's, ship owners can register their vessels under a flag of convenience for business related issues, in order to operate them under the laws of their flag state. As of today, more than half of the world's merchant vessels fly a flag of convenience. The flags fallen on the floor recall an iconic painting of Soviet socialist realism, the central piece of a triptych of Geliy Korzhev.







FLAGS OF CONVENIENCE (CAYMAN ISLANDS)

digital prints on satin, 150 x 100 cm each



HARMONIZED SYSTEM

custom typeface, wallpaper, approx. 6 x 2,3 m

The Brussels-based World Customs Organization developed the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System in 1988. The 200 member states of the WCO use this standardized method of tariff nomenclature to identify traded products. If the "Figurative system of human knowledge" by Diderot and d'Alembert is a fine exemple of philosophical taxonomy, the Harmonized System could be identified as the Encyclopédie of customs, a taxonomy of commodities. The typeface wich renders the last available version of the Harmonized System is based on the "unknown value", the "x". Every letter of this writing system is an alloy of "x".

FLAGS OF CONVENIENCE & HARMONIZED SYSTEM

installation view (detail), Creative Operational Solutions, Para Site, Hong Kong, 2016.





OR FIRING OF A RED STAR ALERT

solo exhibition, acb Gallery, Budapest, 2018.

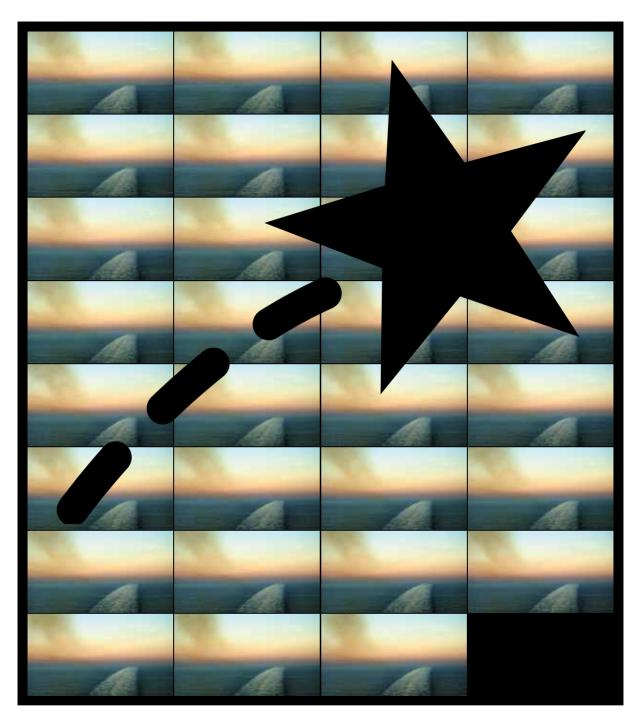
In 2016/2017, Ferenc Gróf was a participant of an extraordinary residency programme. The recipients of the international open call of Container Artist Residency voyaged on the cargo company ZIM's container ship on different sea routes. The projects made by the artists working in their container-studio were presented in the group exhibition of Para Site, in Hong Kong. As its summer exhibition, acb Attachment shows, for the first time in Europe, Gróf's works inspired by the journey through Haifa, Istanbul, Novorossiysk and Odessa.

The exhibited graphic interventions deal with the semiotics of maritime shipping and shed light on its systems of reference, some aspects of which constitute the base of this global industry. The large format piece entitled **Harmonized projection** is a montage of the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System and the Dymaxion map invented by Buckminster Fuller. The full text of the encyclopaedia of tariff nomenclature that forms the base of international commerce fills the world map projected on an icosahedron. Fuller's projection represents the continents as an island almost contiguous, while the tariff articles listed in the twenty-one categories of the Harmonized system embrace almost all the items

that can be subject to trade, from livestock products to works of art.

The photos taken on board of the ZIM Shekou appear in the series entitled **Flags of convenience**. They show parallels in composition and motifs with the flags of countries which have an open registry for commercial vessels. More than half of all existing vessels circulate under these "flags of convenience", including those of Antigua, the Bahamas, Cyprus, Malta and the Marshall Islands, referred to by the exhibited flags. Moreover, not only does Gróf evoke the collapse of national borders and closed identities, he also references the iconic work of Soviet painter Geliy Korzhev by throwing the flags on the ground.

From the video shot during this sea route, Gróf made still sequences on which he painted signs used in maritime shipping. These signs compose the visual synopsis of a never-to-be-realized film, and references the film script of Moholy-Nagy's Dynamic of the Metropolis. The exhibition features the first piece of the series (**Container film, seq.01**) showing the photos taken from the aft of the container ship in the Aegean Sea, with the pictogram that gave the title of the show.



CONTAINER FILM, SEQ.01.

digital print mounted on Dibond, acrylic paint, 80x90 cm, 2018

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FLAGS OF CONVENIENCE

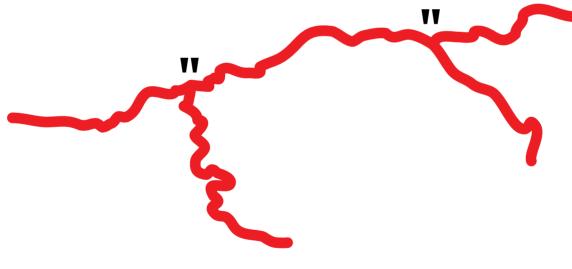
digital prints on satin, 150 x 100 cm each

HARMONIZED PROJECTION

8 panels of 105x105 cm each, digital print on Dibond, framed, installation view, acb Gallery, 2018.

"emphasis" after tamás szentjóby's "emphasis/kiemelés/5" 18.08.1969

whereas article 13 of the universal declaration of human rights cannot be enforced please go to the intersections of the serbian × hungarian × croatian and the serbian × hungarian × romanian borders and place at eye level 30 x 13 cm symmetrical quotation marks made out of metal or wood to be seen the same way from both sides of the frontier



action to be repeated at every schengen frontier thanks paris / budapest 29.06.2015



FOREIGNERS (AFTER SUPERFLEX)

banner, digital print, Bánkitó Fesztivál, Bánk, 2015.

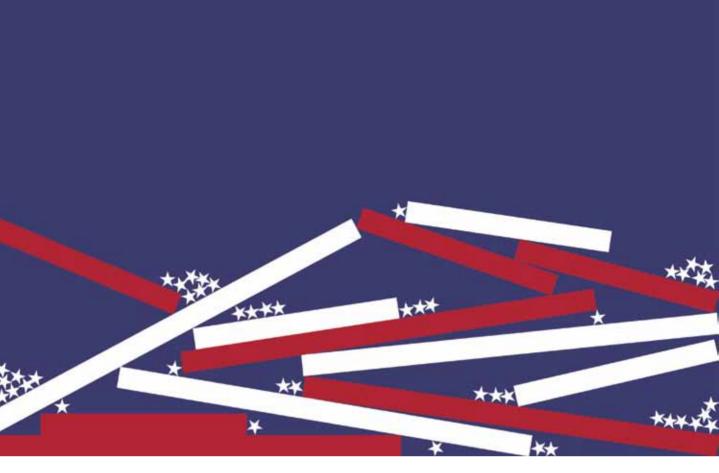


WHO CANNOT (AFTER STILINOVIĆ)

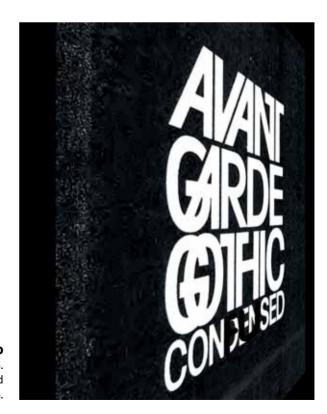
Flocking on textile, 150×75 cm, 2015.

EMPHASIS (AFTER ST.AUBY)

digital print, variable dimension, 2015.



FALLING (US FLAG) digital print, variable dimension, 2015.

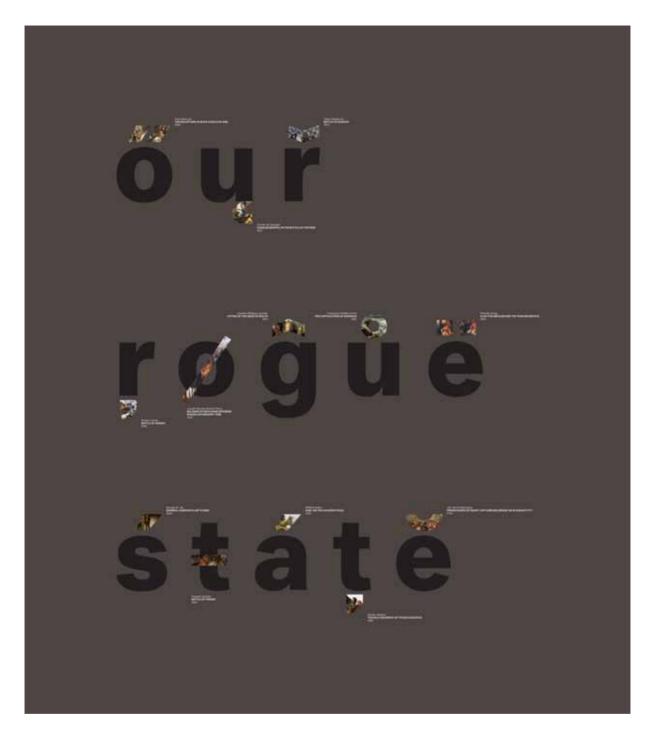


CON - DEN / FU - SED digital print, variable dimension, 2015.

Contribution to the *PostContemporary* project, curated by László Beke, Chimera gallery, Budapest, 2015.



/I (AFTER KRUGER)
digital print, variable dimension, 2015.



OUR ROGUE STATE

digital print, variable dimension, 2015. from the "extended latin alphabet" project

Mikhail Avilov: Duel on the Kulikovo Field, 1943 Antoine-Jean Gros: The Battle of Abukir, 25 July 1799, 1807 Jan van Huchtenburg: Prince Eugen of Savoy captures Belgrade on 16 August 1717, 1720

Pauwel Casteels: Battle of Vienna, 1683

Joseph-Nicolas Robert-Fleury: Baldwin of Boulogne entering

Edessa in February 1098, 1840

Horace Vernet: Battle of Somah, 1840

Gyula Benczúr: The Recapture of Buda Castle in 1686, 1896

Adam Stefanovic:Battle of Kosovo, 1870

Charles de Steuben: Charles Martel in the Battle of Poitiers, 1837

George W. Joy: General Gordon's Last Stand, 1893 Francisco Pradilla y Ortiz: The Capitulation of Granada, 1882 Charles-Philippe Larivière: Lifting of the Siege of Malta, 1843 Theodor Aman: Vlad the Impaler and the Turkish Envoys, 1864 Sándor Wagner: The Self-Sacrifice of Titusz Dugovics, 1859



Joseph-Nicolas Robert-Fleury BALDWIN OF BOULOGNE ENTERING EDESSA IN FEBRUARY 1098 1840



DON'S LAST STAND



Pauwel Casteels BATTLE OF VIENNA 1683

Mikhail Avilov DUEL ON THE KULIKOVO FIELD 1943







TONE-ON-TONE

public artwork in the frame of the "20th century Taygetus" project, selfadhesive vinyl lettering on glass ceiling, Debrecen, HU, 2015.

a fogyatékosság egy változé fogalom, továbbá, hogy a fogyatékosság a fogyatékossággal elő személyek és az attitúdbeli, illetve a környezeti akadályok kölcsönhatásának következménye, amely gátolja öket a társadalomban való teljes és hatékony, másokkal azonos alapon történő részvételben [...] In recognizing that disability is an avolving concept and that disability results from the interaction between persons with impairments and attitudinal and environmental barriers that hinders their full and effective participation in society on an equal basis with others [...]



COLD WALL

A COLLECTIVE VISUAL ANSWER ON FENCES AND MEN

FIRST EDITION: STUDIO OF YOUNG ARTISTS' ASSOCIATION, BUDAPEST, 17.11.2015. > 10.12.2015.

SECOND EDITION: MUSEUM OF CONTEMPORARY ART VOJVODINA, NOVI SAD, 08.07.2016. > 31.07.2016.

COLD WALL was realized in Budapest in November 2015 as a collective visual piece on the burning topic of fence-building, migration, and the international geopolitical interests lying behind them, leading to them and constantly reshaping the territories of war and peace. COLD WALL was initiated by curator and art

historian Róna Kopeczky and the artists Ferenc Gróf, Vladan Jeremić and Volodymyr Kuznetsov who have been dialoguing to imagine and realize together a common mural piece directly on the walls of the Studio of Young Artists' Gallery as an ephemeral reflexion and reaction to an issue which has been, during Summer and Autumn 2015, the centre of a passionate, inflamed and Manicheist debate in Hungary, fed among other things by irritating official communication of facts by the Hungarian media, by the hypocritical discourses of the European Union, by the fear of the local population fed by populism and nationalism as well as by individual political ambitions veiled by the march towards national grandeur and the importance given to foreign





policies. Several months later, a new border regime has been established under the lead of the European Commission, and implemented by the states across the so-called Balkan route. Migrants fleeing war, persecution and extreme poverty have now become objects of political deals between the stakeholders of a new European order that relies on alliances with repressive regimes and phantom states, with the most powerful actors being Germany and Turkey.

The second edition of the exhibition will be hosted by the Museum of Contemporary Art of Vojvodina in Novi Sad, where the artists will develop, together with invited colleagues, an updated approach towards local and European migration policies, focusing on the context of

Serbia, with the aim to produce a visual language and tools for resistance and protests against established hostile conditions.

The participants of the second edition of COLD WALL – a collective answer on fences and men are Róna Kopeczky, Ferenc Gróf, Vladan Jeremić and Rena Raedle, Volodymyr Kuznetsov, Babi Badalov and škart. The exhibition will be accompanied by talks with the artists and invited activists.



.NEPÉSZ MÖNÖSZÖK .GEM KOLALÓSZ MEN TRÉIM GYOH ,RÖTÖGY MEGNE TSOM IMA SÉ SILÁUTKA TSOM IMA ,KOGOF INLOSZALÁV ARBBASILÁUTKAGEL A SÉ TÁ METLÉ TEMETELÉ NÉ ZA NÉ GYOHA .NEBDNERROS SÉ

.NEPÉSZ MÖNÖSZÖK .INRÍÁLA MODUT ROKKA KACS NÉ TREM .LEPERESZ MEN NEBMESÉZEKÉLMEASSZIV NÉ ZA ,TIMALAV MATDNOM GIVÉ KOS NÉ ROKIMA ÓSZ ATSIMITPO TTÖZGÖRGEM AGYOH ,KANNA NAV AKO AHTÁH TREM ,MES TIKNES KOTÍLÓSZ MES KANSRÁTVLE SÉ "KNUTNÁRI NAV LATTALUDNIÓJ MEN IKA 'GEM KEZEVEN ES TŐFMALLÁ GÉM GYOH 'KOZIKAB GELTESE AH GYOH KISZEV LUSÁMODUT TZE AH TÁHET .KOLÁNJAS TIKNEDNIM NÉ ROKKA ,MEZÉN LÓBÁTALVÁT VÉ CNIMRAH NÉ AHGYOH "MÁNADNOM TZA NATDOGUNY SI NÉ ROKKA, MEZÉNGELIMLENÉTRÖT MENGYOH, ÓSZNAVLÓRRA AHTREM. TEKÉÉRMI GYAN A TNIM 'GEM KÉTLÖ BBŐLE TAKOZA SÉ .KETLÖGEM NÁJPALA MORGOP TEKEREBME NELETREVGYEF AVTATUMÁR ERIM MODUT MEN 'ERNÍSZRŐB ARÁHUR ROKIMA "ZA TTÖDŐDZEK LÓTÁKIDACLONYOSZUH A "METTÖJÁR RÁM TSOM, TEZLYEH A ZA TREM. METLÉSZEB GYOHA, GYÍ METLÉSZEB TRÉIM NÉ GYOH ,ITRÉ MEN IKNES NEBNÖLÜK TREM ,SI ERÉTENEM GOLOD A SÉ SI ERKŐVEVTSZÉR A METTETRÉ TZE .KANMOLADARROFNELLE ELÉFIMMES METTETÍSŐNIM MEN SÉ ,SÉLEKLÖF ,SÉTETNÜTKÁID SÉKÉB :NASOTNOP SZÉGE MATDNOM TZA ROKKA ,TOTAZOKTALINY A MATDNOMLE ROKIMA NÉ TREM .SÉLEKLEF IPÉN GYAV ,MOLADARROFNELLE TAHNEVTÖ GYOH ,IKNES ATLÁRÍB MEN AHOS TZA SÉ 'ELÉFNEDNIM 'KNÜTELZEKETRÉTRÁP GEM TLOV KNUSUSSZERGNOK INNYA RÁM TREM "SÉDRÉK NELYI GYE LÖF LÜREM NÁTLÚM VÉ TÉKCNIMRAH GYOH KETEHET MEN LÓRRA NÉ ED .LÉ MEN IKA ,MES ARÚNAT ŐZEKNELLE SÉ MES ARÚNAT ÓTÍNYOZIB "SRÁTVLE MEN GYOH "MODNOM NESEVÍSZ MEN NÉ TZA ED MEN IK SÉ ,SRÁTVLE ZA IK GYOH ,LE METSZEVÉT MEN ,KOGYAV TTÖZGÖRGEM SONYOZIB NELYI NÉ TREM ,ZA MEN IKA ,KOTÍLÓSZ MES TIKNES KANSRÁTVLE SÉ GEM MEZZEVEN TNIRESZ JÁTGÁLIV NALYO KACS, KIDEKLESIV LUSSZOR NOGYAN, IKA 'TŐFMALLÁ TTETERESZ MEN NABÁNATSOM SONYOZIB GYOH 'ZOHHA MODOKSZAGAR NÉ GYOH ,NAV ZA ROKKA SÉ .TELYI MATLÁNICS NÉ RESZGYE RÁM ,ARMOTAZÁKCOK TÁJAS A NÉ TREM .MATDARÁFLE SI NÉ ,KATDARÁFLE KUGAM AH TREM .KESZEL DIVÖR NOGYAN RÁM TSOM ROKKA SÉ .KIRÉK GYOH SOGÁLIV TREM TOTAZOKTALINY LÁNÓINUTEJVOSZ A MATDA SI LÁNÉPÁKME, SEVÉNAVTAH A NÉ LÜVÍKNOZA SÉ .INADNOM MEREM NABÁVKSZOM KACS MEN TZE NÉ GYOH ,ZOHHA MATDOKSZAGAR NEBTESE ZE .SI NOGÁSZRORAGYAM TLOV SUKILBUP ZE TREM ,INTÖK E-TEHEL ELEB ABKOTAZOKTALINY A EBKEZE MODUT MEN .MAJLÁGLOSZ TEGÉSGYE ZA EN GYAV ,KEGYEL EN ÓTNOBEKÉB GYOH ,INLÜREKLE MATDUT MEN SIGÉM SÉ ,INADNOM TAZAGI MEN MATDUT MEN SÉ .AJGAT KOGYAV EVÉ TÉHNEVTÖ KENÉPMEÁK SEVÉNEVTEH A NÉ ED JINNEL KORAKA ÓTNOBEKÉB MEN NÉ GYOH JLŐRMESZÉR A KENKKIC TTODA KANGÁSZRORAGYAM A SÉ KANTSZINYUMMOK A ZE E-TLELEFGEM MODUT MEN ,TATLÚM A AJLALLÁV Ő GYOH ,AJNÁSZ KANKOLATAIF A GYOH ,TTODNOM SAZÁHNÍSZBÁB A ZA KUJDNOM ,REBME LYOMOK MEN A ZA TIMA ,TAMAGAM

HCEEPS TSAL

based on the transcription of the last speech of János Kádár, sound recording, 30' and A4 publication, 2015.

N°1. ARE THEY NOT COMING YET? YOU HAVE WAKED ME! WORLDLESS I WAS ASLEEP TOO. I WAS ASLEEP TOO. ARE THEY NOT COMING YET? BASED ON "THE BLINDS" I HEAR NOTHING COMING. BY MAURICE MAETERLINCK, 1890 TRANSLATED FROM FRENCH BY LAURENCE ALMA TADEMA IT MUST BE ABOUT TIME TO GO BACK HOME. AS "THE SIGHTLESS" IN 1895 FERENC GRÓF 2015 WE WANT TO KNOW WHERE WE ARE! A VERY ANCIENT MORTHERN CITY, ETERNAL OF ASPECT, BENEATH A SKY PROFOUNDLY STARRED. IN THE MIDST, AND TOWARDS THE DEPTHS OF NIGHT, SOME BODIES ARE SEATED WRAPPED IN A WIDE GOLDEN CLOAK. THEIR HEADS AND THE UPPER PART OF THEIR BODIES, SLIGHTLY THROWN BACK AND MORTALLY IT HAS GROWN COLD SINCE THEY LEFT. STILL, ARE LEANING AGAINST A WALL. THE FACES ARE FEARFULLY PALE AND WE WANT TO KNOW WHERE WE ARE! OF AN INALTERABLE WAXEN LIVIDITY; THE VIOLET LIPS ARE PARTED. THE EYES, DUMB AND FIXED, NO LONGER GAZE AT THE VISIBLE SIDE OF ETERNITY, AND SEEM BLEEDING BENEATH A MULTITUDE OF IMMEMORIAL SORROWS AND OF TEARS. THE DOES ANY ONE KNOW WHERE WE ARE? HANDS, EXTREMELY LEAN, ARE RIGIDLY CLASPED ON THEIR LAPS. TO THE RIGHT, SIX BLIND PEOPLE ARE SEATED UPON STONES, BENCHES, AND ROADSIDES. TO THE LEFT, SEPARATED FROM THEM BY AN UPROOTED TREE AND FRAGMENTS OF ROCK AND SHATTERED GLASS, SIX OTHER PEOPLE, BLIND ALSO, ARE SEATED FACING THE WE WERE WALKING A VERY LONG TIME; WE MUST BE VERY FAR FROM HOME. BODIES. THREE OF THEM ARE MUMBLING AND WAILING IN HOLLOW VOICE AND WITHOUT PAUSE. ANOTHER IS EXTREMELY OLD. THE FIFTH, IN AN ATTITUDE OF MUTE AH! ARE YOU OPPOSITE US? INSANITY, HOLDS ON THE KNEES A TEENAGER ASLEEP. THE SIXTH IS STRANGELY YOUNG, WITH UNCOMBED HAIR. ALL OF THEM ARE CLOTHED IN SIMPLE GARMENTS, SOMBER AND CASUAL. MOST OF THEM SIT WAITING WITH THEIR ELBOWS ON THEIR KNEES AND THEIR FACES BETWEEN THEIR HANDS; AND ALL SEEM TO HAVE LOST THE WE ARE SITTING OPPOSITE YOU. HABIT OF USELESS GESTURE, AND NO LONGER TURN THEIR HEADS AT THE STIFLED WAIT, I WILL COME NEXT TO YOU. AND RESTLESS NOISES OF THE STREET. GREAT FUNEREAL WALLS, STREET LIGTHS, CREY PAYEMENT, ENWRAP THEM IN THEIR FAITHFUL SHADOWS. NOT FAR FROM THE BODIES, A CLUSTER OF SHORT AND SICKLY LAWN RUFFLES IN THE NIGHT. IT IS IN°1 RISES AND GROPES ABOUT.] EXTRAORDINARILY DARK IN SPITE OF THE STREET LIGHTS THAT HERE AND THERE STRİVES TO DİSPEL FOR A WHÎLE THE GLOOM OF THE PAVEMENT. WHERE ARE YOU? SPEAK! THAT I MAY HEAR WHERE YOU ARE!

PERSONS		
Nº 1	N° 2	M° 3
N° 4	N° 5	M° G
N° 7	N° 8	N° 9

N°5.
HERE; WE ARE SITTING ON STONES.

N°1.
[N°1 STEPS FORWARD, STUMBLING AGAINST THE BENCHES AND THE WALLS.]

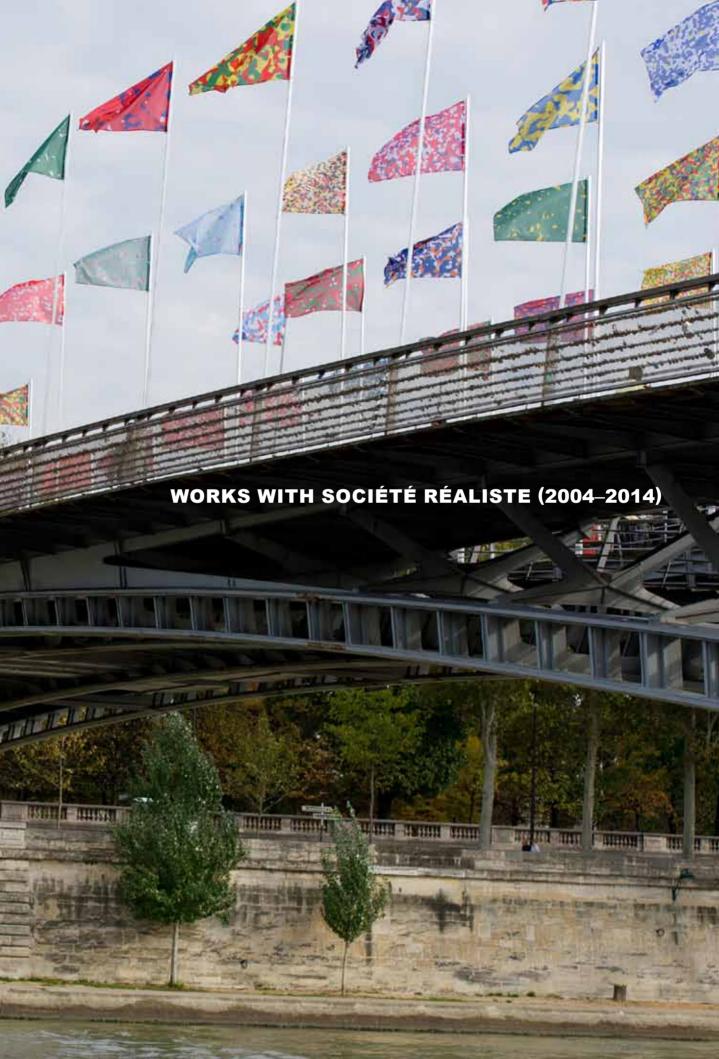
THERE IS SOMETHING BETWEEN US...

N°2.
IT IS BETTER TO STAY WHERE ONE IS!

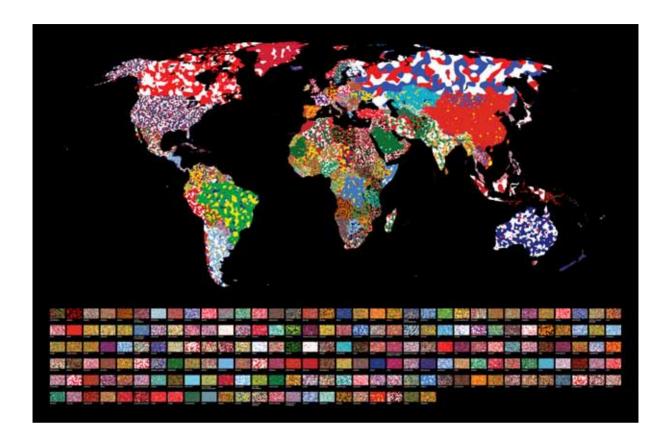
WORLDLESS

based on Les aveugles / The Blind (1890) by Maurice Maeterlinck, 2015. Text for reader's theatres (9 actors), A5 brochure and projection.





UN Camouflage



UN Camouflage is a monumental work by Société Réaliste, initiated in 2012-2013. Using a pattern software, Société Réaliste has systematically converted national flags of the United Nations member states into camouflage patterns, while respecting the original color tones and proportions. The result is a collection of 193 camouflage flags, presented as an ensemble, mimicking national flags installations that can be seen nearby official buildings of international organisations. From Afghanistan to Zimbabwe, flags lose progressively their link to identity representation, while remaining strangely familiar. Ideological, political or cultural particularities are melted into a common shape, the one of camouflage. There are various way to produce a camouflage effect, in biology as much as in textile, the main one being called with the Greek term « crypsis » (« hidden »), and characterized by a combination of colorations blending with their background. If the colors of the nations are symbolic of their national conception, then their camouflage version should harmonize with their colorimetric atmosphere. UN Camouflage was presented for the first time in September 2012 in Tel Aviv within the frame of "Loving Art, Making Art" festival. In October 2013, on the occasion of FIAC's 40th anniversary, the work was installed in the centre of Paris, Passerelle Léopold-Sédar-Senghor, a bridge linking Musée d'Orsay and Jardin des Tuileries.

UN Camouflage map

digital print on fine art paper, mounted on aluminium, Diasec, shadow box frame, 190 x 125 cm, 2013.

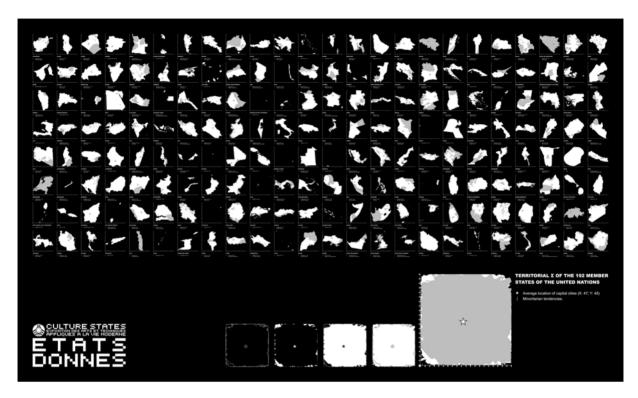
UN Camouflage >

Digital print on textile, 150x100 cm each, aluminium flag poles, installation view, FIAC Hors-les-murs, Passerelle Senghor, Paris, 2013.

Photo: Illés Sarkantyu.



Cosmopolites of all countries, yet another effort



Etats-donnés

digital print mounted on Dibond, 200 x 120 cm, 2009.

Cosmopolites of all countries, yet another effort > engraved aluminium, 180x180x35 cm, 2010.

In 2010, Aksioma, in collaboration with the International Centre of Graphic Arts (MGLC), has asked Société Réaliste to propose a monument to be displayed on an empty pedestal at the outside entrance of the MGLC, in the Tivoli Park of Ljubljana. Société Réaliste has created a cognitive see-through model under the title of Jacques Derrida's book Cosmopolites de tous les pays encore un effort / Cosmopolitans of all countries, yet another effort. The model is the result of the superimposition of the topographic forms of the 192 member-states of the United Nations. All these sovereign states were put on the same scale using only two main information: their specific shape and the location of their capital city, with the intention to produce the synthetic form of potentially any state. The result is an eroded square, the average capital city lying almost in the geometrical center of it, the chaos of the frontier lines covering nearly its entire surface. Parallely to the calculation of the shape of a "model state". Société Réaliste started to work on a textual corpus which incorporates all the national anthems of the aforementioned 192 UN member states. Using the English translation of every anthems, Société Réaliste established a global compilation of national(ist) vocabulary. All words are marked with the three letter

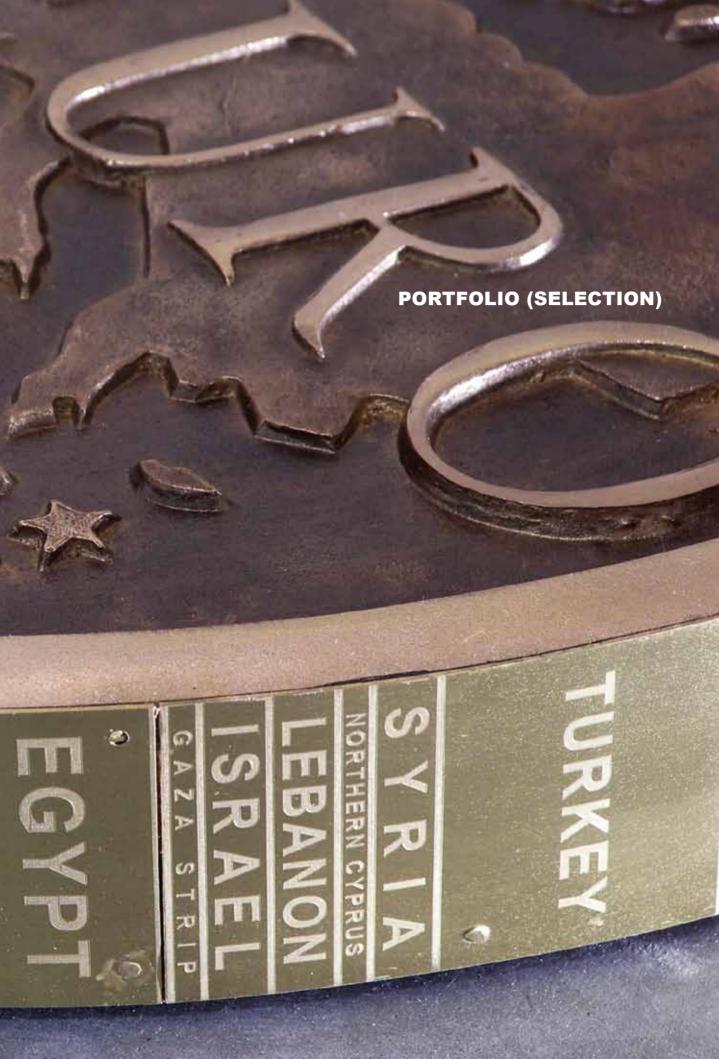
ISO code of the corresponding country, for example SVN for Slovenia, FRA for France, HUN for Hungary, etc. Presented vertically, one of its side is carved with the calculation method with the superimposition of all the national frontiers of the world and the emplacement of its 192 capital cities, while on the other side is carved a textual composition using the compiled adjectives of all 192 national anthems. The complete list of 1839 hymnic adjectives - which form line from the word ABLAZE from the Turkish anthem, to YOUTHFUL, from the Jordanian one - can be applied to any sovereignty of any time. This monument stands in the confrontation between the majestic and ceremonious sculpture, the abstract figuration of the notion of state and the methodology of its construction. « Cosmopolitans of all countries, yet another effort » intends to evoke and to represent the necessary escape and excess from detention within historical forms of political domination and to remain in the same time the parody of a monument.

This monument was inaugurated on September 27th, 2010, and removed at the end of December 2010 to be shown in various exhibitions.

Address: MGLC, Grad Tivoli, Pod turnom 3, Ljubljana, Slovenia.









Empire, state, building

The Fountinhead video, 111 min, 2010.

In its first exhibition at Jeu de Paume, Paris, **Empire, State, Building** has been constructed around two pivotal pieces: *The Fountainhead* (2010) and *Cult of She-manity* (2011).

The Fountainhead is Société Réaliste's first featurelength film, and is based on the eponymous Hollywood film made by King Vidor in 1949, itself based on the best-selling novel by Any Rand (published 1943), the champion of radical liberalism. In the film, Rand's views are embodied in the character of a highly individualistic architect, Howard Roark, played by Gary Cooper. Rand's faith in the ability of market forces to deliver economic prosperity and her rejection of all forms of collectivism make her the founder of philosophical and political objectivism, as well as a prophet of contemporary capitalism. The uncompromising individualism and integrity with which the phallocratic, Promethean and egocentric Roark pursues his idea of modernism makes him the epitome of the qualities admired by Rand, and the standard-bearer of modern capitalism. How do buildings express and perpetuate ideology? How does urban space image the relation between the modern state and culture? These are the kinds of questions raised by Société Réaliste in its critical analysis of the connections between architecture and history, buildings and political power.

In their reworking of the The Fountainhead, Société Réaliste have removed not only the sound track but also, using digital technology, the characters of the original film, leaving only 111 minutes of pure architectural setting, devoid of narrative. The effect is to objectify a film that is more than ideological, but also to reveal a web of the sites that constitute the politicoeconomic environment of each citizen and each spectator. Emptied of narrative, The Fountainhead is made to reveal its underlying layers, woven by the links between capitalism, architecture and modernism, like a palimpsest-made-film. As Giovanna Zapperi points out, "The aim of this operation [...] is to apply a principle of productive deconstruction capable of bringing out, in all their complexity, the deep-seated relations between architectural space and the ideology of capitalism, between the Promethean will of the architect and the doctrine of modernism. In fact, the emptied spaces of The Fountainhead show how architecture asserts itself with a force that goes beyond the different characters' power to act. The film's final sequence, for example, when we see Howard Roark standing triumphantly at the top of his skyscraper, suggests a correspondence between the architect's body and the building, as if the strength of the former depended on the latter - as if it was its extension.



Cult of She-manity exhibition view, Jeu de Paume, Paris, 2011.

Cult of She-manity (2011) is the new collection of colours from the political trends bureau, *Transitioners*, created by Société Réaliste in 2006. After previous series inspired by the French Revolution (Bastille Days collection, 2007), pre-Socialist utopians (Le Producteur collection, 2008) and the European revolutions of 1848 (London View collection, 2009), Transitioners is presenting its new trends, inspired by the strange transformation of Auguste Comte's scientific and political positivism into a thoroughgoing religion, notably with the publication of his Positivist Catechism (1852). During the last ten years of his life, Comte pursed what he called his "religion of humanity" in an attempt to achieve a synthesis of all his different theories. Hence his creation of the Church of Humanity, dedicated to his lover. Clotilde de Vaux, who died in 1846. Raimundo Teixeira Mendes, the high priest of positivism in Brazil, is also the man who designed the flag of that modern republican state. While retaining the old imperial colours of yellow (for the Habsburgs) and green (for the House of Braganza), he added the positivist motto "Order and Progress" and, by way of an ornament, the starry sky seen over Rio de Janeiro on the night of 14 November 1889 – the foundational, legendary night that witnessed the proclamation of the Brazilian Republic.It is the starry sky from another foundational night that Société Réaliste has chosen as

the starting point for its new collection, Transitioners: Cult of She-manity, which takes the form of a map of the night sky over Paris. For the artists, Cult of She-manity "is meant to serve as rationalist astrolabe providing orientation in the almost monochrome sky of a grand soir" [a moment of revolutionary fulfilment]. The grand soir represented in this installation is a very particular one, being that of the night of 5 October 1789, when the women of Paris, led by the prostitutes of Palais-Royal and the market sellers of Les Halles, marched on "the State" - or rather, on the royal château of Versailles, where they made the king and queen their prisoners and brought them back to the Tuileries Palace in Paris. These Parisian women constituted the first modern political force to mount an assault on monarchic absolutism in the name of the legitimacy of the people; the first to collectively profane power. Société Réaliste design of its "Empire, State, Building" exhibition is based on its calendar-cum-map. The walls are painted with combinations of black, white and grey squares, following an equatorial heavenly and date line taken from Cult of She-manity. The walls of the exhibition space organise the works in accordance with the shades of this median line, this median black.

In conclusion, what Rand's objectivism (*The Fountainhead*) and Comte's positivism (*Cult of She-manity*)

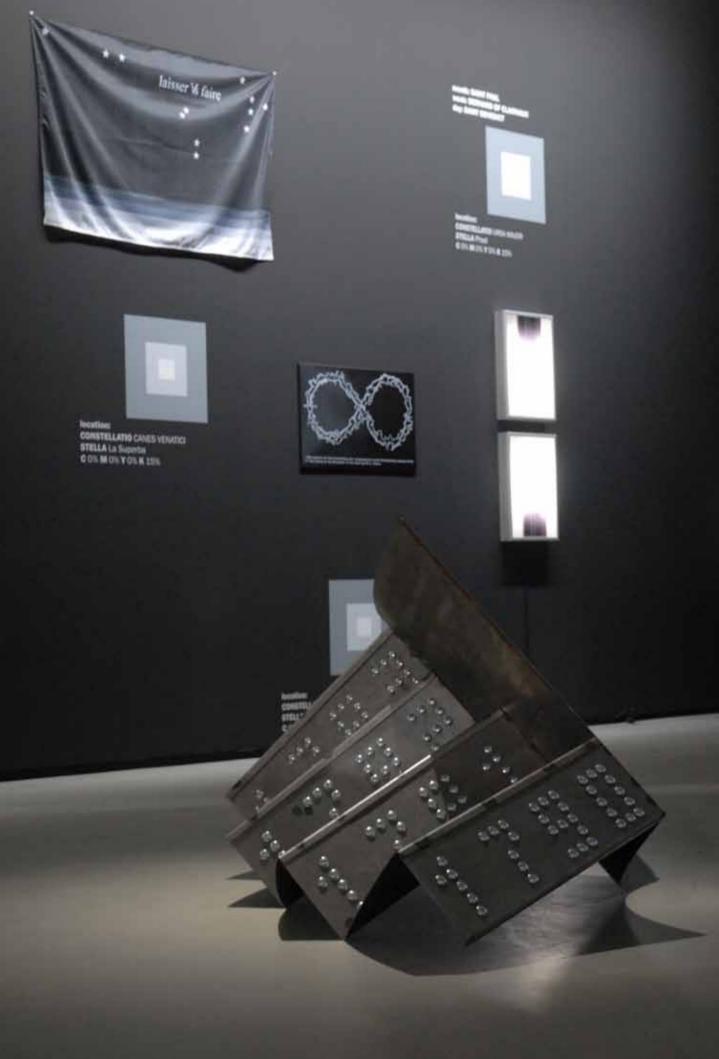


have in common is that both justify the dominant order and argue for the necessity of its accomplishment as a global project in the name of its own naturalised, sanctified reason. The style is cold and pragmatic in Rand, elegiac and morbid in Comte. It is in this speculative space, opened by The Fountainhead and ornamented by Cult of She-manity, that Société Réaliste has installed a number of its critical apparatus, and applied them to the certain forms through whose variation power is produced and reproduced: its systems of signs (from typography to cartography); its fabrication of values (from numismatics to the religion of profit); its models for the construction of space (from church to skyscraper, from the utopian city-state to the borders of the empire); its methods of construction of time (from the rewriting of History to the determination of the most remote projects for the future). And as Olivier Schefer writes. "We can be thankful to Société Réaliste for having put the question of politics at the forefront of the artistic scene by questioning the forms that underpin the ideologies of the modern and contemporary worlds. By deploying a seemingly heterogeneous ensemble of objects and theories - almost a political cabinet of curiosities - this young artistic cooperative sets itself the task of thinking through the connection between the production of forms and its economy, thereby, in their own way, extending the political concerns of Art & Language. [...] For these young artists, thinking is all

about hybridisation, an operation carried out on several fronts, notably those of language and visual form. It is a matter of grafting, combining, combining identical or parallel forms, spanning highly diverse historical periods the better to grasp continuities that often go unnoticed."

Empire, state building

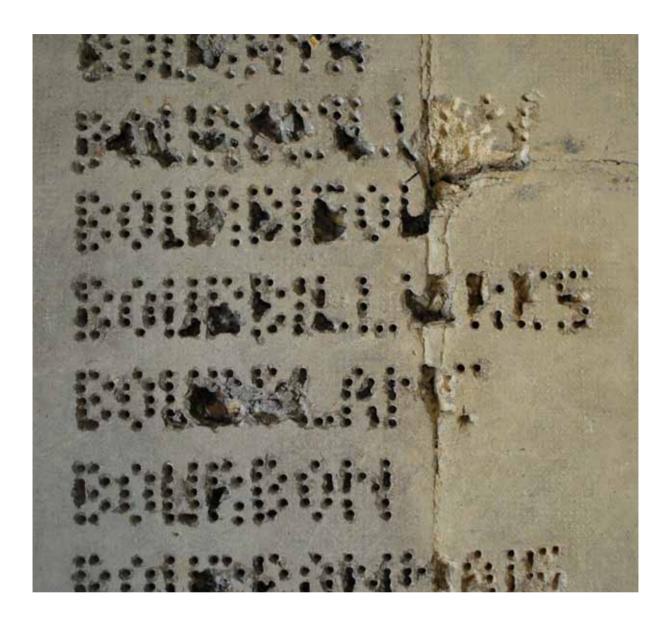
exhibition view, Jeu de Paume, Paris, 2011.





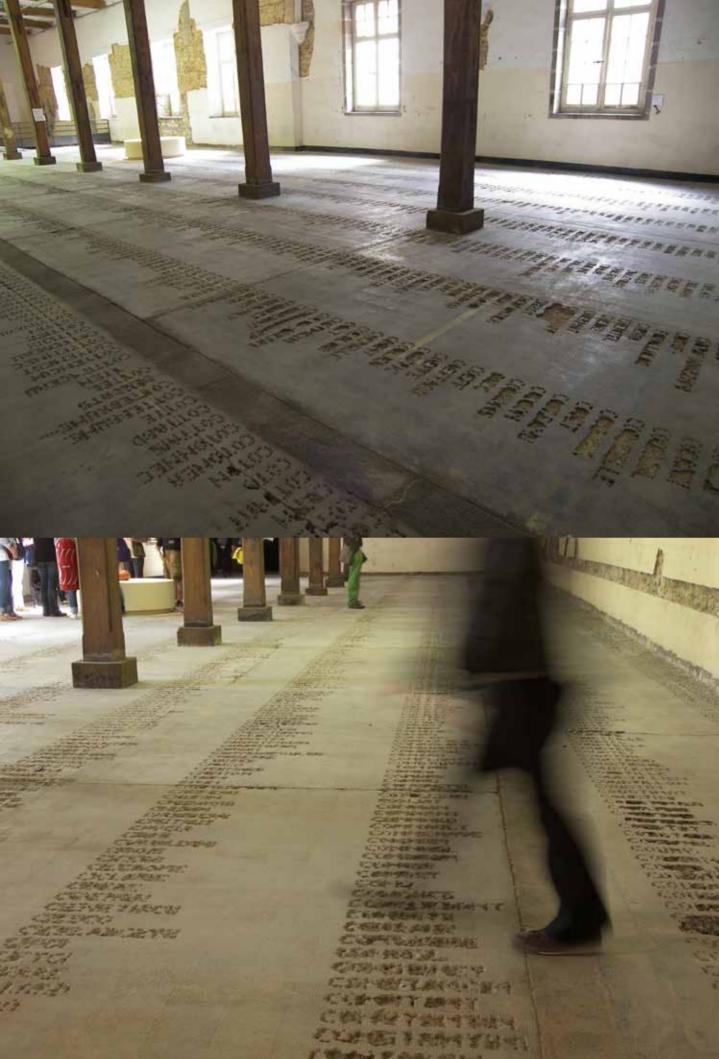


L'avenir dure longtemps, Appendix, Rennes



For What Comes, 2nd Biennial of Rennes, Société Réaliste took a close interest in the Couvent des Jacobins, the main venue of the exhibition. They gave the people of Rennes the opportunity to repossess the building which has long been part of their heritage and which was closed for a long time, by intervening physically on its architecture. Superimposing a list of the 30 000 surnames currently existing in Rennes on the surface of the convent, they will inscribe certain names in a newly invented typescript (Appendix) by means of an electric drill in different areas of the convent. This work suggests a voyage through time: a snapshot of the present moment, it also refers to the convent's rich past history and to its architectural future which has been decided. It also forms a collective modern vanitas, projecting the visitors into their future disappearance, just as their names drilled into the concrete floor will disappear when it is destroyed to leave way for the future Congress Centre.

L'avenir dure longtemps, Appendix, Rennes floor drilling, 2nd Biennial of Rennes, Couvent des Jacobins, 2010.



A rough guide to Hell



"A rough guide to Hell" span several of Société Réaliste's recent works revolving around figures and forms of capitalist utopianism. Pitting two discrete discursive investigations against each other the typographic language of global-local media communications and the architecture of anarchocapitalist modernism — the exhibition resolved into a singularly strange and unsettling total installation. "A rough guide to Hell" premiered a new typeface. Combining the logotypes of international newspapers that include geographic locators in their names, media police (2013) is a Frankensteinian font that belies its diverse origins through a fractured assemblage. All communications about the show used the typeface; this included the storefront awning signage, which hijacked a quotation from Dante's Inferno. A new room-sized piece, Circles of Errors (2013), introduced a recursive poetic text of common computer error messages. The second axis of the show revolved around Ayn Rand and her provocative political and spatial philosophies. The Fountainhead (2010) is a 111-minute long appropriation of the 1949 feature film written by Rand. While the original film lionized New York as the stronghold of the brave, free world. Société Réaliste have digitally removed all human characters to present an empty narrative. Transforming the film's heroic buildings into its sole protagonists, this intervention turns Rand's original view into a nightmarish vision of capitalism's architecture.

The final work in the exhibition, *Laissez-Faire City* (2013), is a new proposal based on a 1995 advertisement published in The Economist. The original full-page ad promoted investment in a speculative city in Costa Rica, based on Ayn Rand's principles of self-rule and the rugged free-market. Laissez-Faire City will be on sale in the exhibition for the price of \$62,124.75 (£40,050). This cost covers re-publishing the ad in today's edition of The Economist — a quixotic memorial to capitalism's idealistic moment.

A rough guide to Hell exhibition views, P!, New York, 2013.



Spectral Aerosion

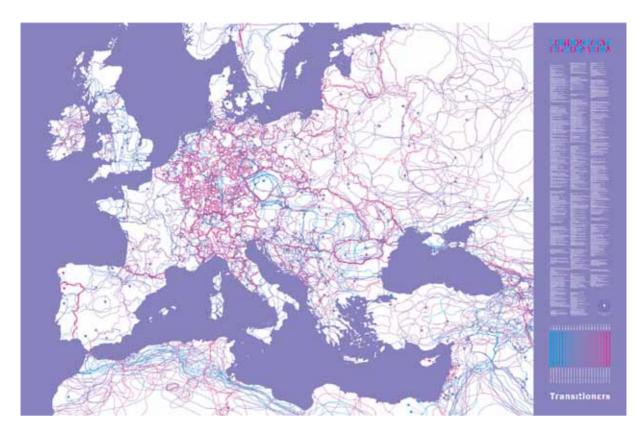


Spectral Aerosion

engraved Necurite, 75x75x5 cm, 2011.

Spectral Aerosion is the third objectual occurrence of a cartographic process, started in 2009. Within the frame of its political trends design bureau, Transitioners, Société Réaliste has issued in 2009 its annual collection under the title London View. In order to design the colour range of this collection, Société Réaliste imagined Strata map, a cartographic device of the European peninsula, on which all the political frontiers that existed at the turn of each century between year 0 and year 2000 would be visible in the same time. All the frontiers were distinguished following a colorimetric denomination and figuration, producing a complex coloured lines' entanglement. Then, on this map were placed the 250 more important European peninsula zone metropolitan areas, and a specific colour was attributed to each of them, by defining the average colour of all the frontiers passing next to the city, in a circle of 100 kilometres around. Some months later, in

the context of Société Réaliste's project on the politics of space, Ministère de l'Architecture: Exposition des Arts et Techniques appliquées à la vie moderne, a new occurrence of this map appeared, under the title of Superimposition of political frontiers at the turn of each century between year 0 and year 2000 on the European Peninsula and its surroundings. Using the same information, this time in a black and white outfit, the effect produced was an amalgamation of different time scales, and the pulverisation of the "continent". Société Réaliste has transformed this transchronic mapping process into a relief carving one, and to exhibit the object as a sculpture, Spectral Aerosion. The frontiers of this Common Aerea are carving out a geopolitical canyon, excavating its inner tectonic plates. Exhaustion of time and saturation of space as an ideological handling, as a representational and thus political handlung.



Transitioners, London View: Strata map

digital print, variable dimesions, 2009.



MA: Culture States: Superimposition of political frontiers at the turn of each century between year 0 and year 2000 on the European peninsula and its surroundings

digital print, 200 x 120 cm, 2009.

MA: Culture States



The Culture States - Exposition des arts et techniques appliquées à la vie moderne

project takes its subtitle from the historical "Exposition internationale des arts et techniques appliquées à la vie moderne". held in 1937 in Paris. This fair has been one of the most spectacular example of the relation between Culture and Nation, from the confrontation between Nazi and Soviet pavilions to the display of imperialist cultural conceptions of France or UK through their colonial pavilions. Seven decades after this key-moment, what is the relation between political and cultural entities in nowadays Europe? In its ability to inquire about the politics of the space, Ministère de l'Architecture (MA) has commissioned a research and production study in the field of territorial ergonomy. This study focuses on the multi-layered principle of spatial re-qualification, that continues to affect any cultural zone. Intending to curate a world exhibition on the model of the 1937's one, Culture States is dedicated to disappeared states of the European peninsula, and examines the state as a constructed level of space representation, an thus as a deconstructable one. Scale of control in itself, the state obstructs territorial observation and restrict cultural patterns. Culture States designs analyse devices aspiring to disclose the nocuous dependence of cultural constructions on the logic of states. This logic vitally calculates the extension, the maintenance and the lengthening of the state's exercice of inclusive power. The instrumentalisation of cultural forms is plainly part of this exercice. This instrumentalisation is the core theme of Culture States.

MA: Culture States

12 digital prints, 200x120cm each, vinyl lettering, Try again, fail again, Kunsthalle/Mûcsarnok, Budapest, 2008.

MA: Culture States >

digital prints, 200x120cm each, vinyl lettering, 11th Istanbul Biennial: What Keeps Mankind Alive? Istanbul. 2009.







SURVEY OF STATES ESTABLISHED AND DISESTABLISHED DURING THE 20TH CENTURY IN NORTHERN EURASIA

ÜBERSICHT VON GEGRÜNDETEN UND AUFGELÖSTEN STAATEN WÄHREND DES 20. JAHRHUNDERTS IM NÖRDLICHEN EURASIEN





MA: Culture States: Survey of states established and destablished during the 20th century in Northern Eurasia digital print, variable dimensions, 2008-2012.

















































Universal Anthem



Universal Anthem

installation view, tranzit.ro, Cluj, 2013.

In the summer 2013, Société Réaliste in cooperation with computer engineer Frédéric Mauclère, has developed a software calculating average musical notations from MIDI files. The artists used this new software to calculate the average national anthem of the 193 member states of the United Nations. It is known that although the UN is an organization born from the union of nations according to its name, does not have an anthem, a song which is going beyond the nation states self-image and self-definition. The software, of course, carries out the operation by decomposing track by track all these anthems. It means that the very first note is the average of all the 193 first notes, the second note is the average of all the 193 second notes, etc. until the last note of the longest anthem. The universal anthem containing every anthem is born as such, but being rendered only out of machinic algorithms, it remains unplayable by traditional instruments and living people.

In December 2013, at the exhibition space tranzit. ro/Cluj, after arranging the algorithmic score with composer Cora Miron, Société Réaliste has attempted the inevitable human interpretation: the Agile orchestra, under conductor Dalma Lidia Kovács, has performed the composition generated for 12 instruments. In the exhibition, besides the *Universal Anthem* interpreted and performed by the orchestra, the scores written by the computer program for 12 instruments were also on view. The contradiction and incompatibility between the performed and generated universal anthem shows the nature of the project, the instrumentalization of political representation, even orchestral, according to any cultural formations.







ferenc.grof@gmail.com 1 rue de la Dhuis 75020 Paris http://ferencgrof.com/